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NAVAL LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

REDS' SMASHING VICTORIES ON 5 FRONTS

TILSIT AND SEVEN IMPORTANT TOWNS CAPTURED

Soviets Penetrate 20 Miles Into German Territory: Tilsit-Insterburg Railway Cut

MOSCOW, January 20.

The Russians have captured Tilsit, says the Second Order of the Day to-night.

The Russians have captured Wloclawek, says the Third Order of the Day to-night.

Brzesc-Kurawski is also captured.

Wloclawek is 87 miles from the frontier of Prussia proper.

ROSENBERG AND LANDSBERG FALL

Marshal Stalin in an order of the day to-night said Russians have penetrated 30 kilometres (about 20 miles) into German territory.

The Red Army has captured Kreuzburg, Rosenberg, Pitschen, Guttentag and Landsberg.

Reds 200 Miles From Berlin

MOSCOW, Jan. 21: It was revealed last night that the new Russian victories have taken Soviet troops to within 200 miles of Berlin.

The Red Army has crossed the Silesian frontier and penetrated the town of Namslau, five miles inside Germany, and only 28 miles east of Breslau. This means Marshal Konievi's troops have advanced 170 miles since the Russian offensive began nine days ago.

25 MILES FROM BALTIC

LONDON, Jan. 20: The German News Agency's correspondent, Colonel Ernst von Hammer, said tonight that the Russians have cut the Tilsit-Insterburg Railway in the centre.

The correspondent thus puts the Russians 40 miles inside East Prussia and 25 miles from the Baltic.

Troops of Marshals Rokossovsky, Zhukov and Koniev between January 12th and 19th took 25,000 prisoners and killed 65,000 Germans says tonight's Soviet communique.

Altogether on the five fronts, the Russians occupied more than 2,500 places.

The order from Marshal Stalin to the army of General Chernyakovsky says: "Forces of the Third White Russian front today carried by assault the east Prussian towns of Tilsit. Huwowoehnen, Willen, Kaukehmen and Gross-skaisgirren important enemy strongholds and communications centres in the Koenibsberg direction."

The fall of Tilsit, a frontier city on the Lithuanian border represents an advance of ten miles since yesterday when General Chernyakovsky's forces captured Ragnit.

Tilsit stands on the left bank of the Niemen. It is the biggest town in the northern frontier zone of East Prussia. It is 25 miles from the Baltic. The main railway connects it with Koenigsberg, the capital of East Prussia, 60 miles to the south-west. Napoleon cut territory of Prussia in half by a treaty signed at Tilsit in 1807.

30 MILES FOR BRESLAU

LONDON, Jan. 20: Marshal Koniev's tanks are tonight only 30 miles from Breslau, the greatest city of south-east of Germany, according to a German news agency report.

TOWARDS BERLIN

LONDON, Jan. 20: By capturing Kilo, about 110 miles west of Warsaw, Marshal Zhukov has covered almost a third of the distance from Warsaw to Berlin in three days.

GERMAN VERSION OF FIGHTING

BERLIN, Jan. 25.

Today's German communique said: "The entire eastern front is engaged in fighting of utmost violence against the onslaught of Soviet armies. Our attacks between Velencze and the Danube have gained ground in a northeasterly direction. The garrison of Budapest held firm in the hard battle against enemy assaults.

Between the northern frontier of Slovakia and the area of Cracow the Soviets, despite our stubborn defence, succeeded in making fairly deep breaches.

CLERKS & SCHOOLBOYS THROWN INTO FRONT LINE

LONDON, Jan. 20: A German frontline radio report tonight says, Silesian miners have been thrown into the front line, marching all night in grim weather from their pits to take up positions in front of the Russians at dawn. Fifth form schoolboys and office apprentices have also gone into the trenches together with businessmen and clerks, added the report.

"All manner of young volunteers are taking stand by the side of greyhaired men" the report added.

"Trenches and foxholes now contain merchants, mechanics, office clerks and book-keepers."—Reuter.

HIMMLER IN SILESIA

The Moscow Radio reports that Himmler has been behind the front line in Silesia to inspect the Silesian Home Guard. Since the visit all able bodied men in Silesia are being sent to the front. Mobilisation centres are controlled by SS.-

REDS WITHIN 200 MILES OF BERLIN

Reuter's special correspondent in Moscow cables: Marshal Zhukhov's troops driving across the Polish plains in a direct line for Berlin are now within 200 miles of Hitler's capital.

The Russian advance has been so rapid and consistent as to suggest one of two things—either a German rout or a decision by the German Command to pull out of the whole of Poland. The Marshal's front is now about 80 miles wide with big German salients forming rapidly to the north and the south of it. More Russian tanks, mobile guns and motorised troops are being thrown in. Masses of Soviet armour and guns are rolling over the Warsaw-Berlin motor road crushing German rearguards.

REDS WITHIN 60 MILES OF POZAN

At the furthest points of Marshal Zhukov's wedge the Russians are within 60 miles of Pozan, and 50 miles south-east of the important communications centres of Bydgoszcz on the Berlin-Danzig railway.

USE OF VEE BOMBS.

The Germans are using Vee Bombs, according to a front line report reaching Moscow to-night.

The Soviet military commentator, Col. L. Carpov reported to-night, "on the flank of the Red Army drive on the Polish-German border, Soviet forces have crossed the southern frontier of East Prussia." Marshal Rokossovsky's flank has now penetrated to within 90 milse of Danzig, which the "pincing of East Prussia, is now emerging as the main objective of his drive.—Reuter.

HOPE FOR PRISONERS OF WAR

LONDON, Jan. 21: The latest available chart of prisoners of war camps shows that several will soon be within possible reach of the Russians, should the speed of their widespread advance continue at the present rate.

BEIRUT, Jan 21: The Lebanese Government obtained a vote of confidence in the Chamber after a reading of the Ministerial programme forseeing reforms and reduction of administration staff.

STOP PRESS

ALLIES LAND ON RAMREE ISLAND

RAMREE ISLAND, Jan. 21: D. R. Mankekar, A. P. I. war correspondent: Allied forces landed on the north-west coast of Ramree Island, 80 miles south of Akyab this morning. The landings were effected without any opposition. The operation was preceded by 20 minutes "softening" by the navy and the air force.—A. P.

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Allies Paid Price For Cassino

Bombers Blast Town And Monastery In Reply To Nazi Slogan Of Total War

By D. F. Karaka, "Bombay Chronicle" War Correspondent

ROME, Jan. 20.

The morning I left Naples by Jeep the sun peered through the clouds after many wet bitterly cold days.

Two main highways lead to the capital city of Rome of which I took the highway no. 6 which passes through the town of Cassino.

Here on the peak of Monte Cassino stood the famous monastery of St. Benedict guarding for over 500 years the cultural tradition enshrined within its walls. At the foot of the monastery and on the slopes of Castle Hill have stood houses which generations had built through ages as landmarks of progressive civilisation. As the Jeep came to the approaches of Cassino I saw the hill covered with noticeboard reading "It is forbidden to leave the road through the down. The ruins are sealed off and full of mines and boobytraps. You have been warned".

It came as more than a warning. It told the tale which cannot be told in words—that of the landmark of mediaeval civilisation turned to bloodiest battleground of World War No. II. On Cassino's debris covered soil there now only lies pink and orange rubble and over this spreads like a shrud just the memory of some thousands of men who have perished in taking this great bastion on the road to Rome. We slowed down the Jeep to crawling pace as when following a funeral procession.

Not far from the road were clusters of neat white wooden crosses over graves of those whose mangled bodies had been recovered from this unholy mess and identified and buried.

ALLIES PAY THE PRICE

Abraham Lincoln in his best Gettysburg tradition might have said standing on the Cassino battlefield "All men die equal" for here lay without distinction of caste, creed, race or colour Indians of the Famous Fourth Division, who were slaughtered at Hangman's Hill, British Guardsmen killed in the final sweep into the town, members of two Divisions who fell in the battle for Hill 593, Americans who fought from house to house, New Zealanders, Canadians, Greeks, French—all those but for whose supreme sacrifice the Boche would have still been astride the hill today. To which must be added the enemy dead of the German parachute division conceded on all sides as one of the finest defensive divisions in the world. They fell still dreaming of their Fuhrer's Greater Reich.

Of Cassino a Russian general visiting Italian front before the battle of Cassino said: You must not attack with a brigade. You want to put in a whole group of armies."

A group of armies was not possible to spare for an attack on a single town. So the price was paid to break through an enemy who shielded behind natural defences and behind massive walls of the monastery and behind walls of houses, on the thickness of which a small field gun could make little impression. Twice had the Eighth Army under Field Marshal Montgomery directed by the genius who was Gen. Alexander tried to take Cassino and twice had his men returned beaten back by the Boche.

'MURDER' WAS NAZI PASSWORD

Observers say the German password at Cassino was probably "murder". From the monastery walls the German spoke language of total war, punctuating their sentences with the boom of heavy fire, which came upon the Eighth Army from walls of monastery. The Christian saint must have turned in his grave at seeing his shrine polluted by transformation into a powder magazine of Nazi Germany. But for the Germans the monastery had no other meaning than as a natural citadel. Then was the decision taken by the Allied High Command to raze the town and the answer to total war came from the Strategic Air Force and American planes swooped down to dive-bomb every point on Cassino Hill till there was very little left of the monastery and less of the town.

Today Cassino lies in complete ruins—a grim utter desolation, silent motionless. Rubble is sprinkled over the bare hill, formation relieved by stumps of oak trees. There is just a mere suggestion of former habitation to be gathered from odd walls left standing or part of an iron bed sticking out of the scrap heap.

In courtyard of the monanstery the Statue of Benedict still stands though the head and left arm are no more. At his feet lies the grave of a little Italian boy killed during the early bombing. Cassino is no more and whatever plans there may be for rebuilding the new town on the ashes of the old, it will never be the same. It is true that the ancient landmark has been destroyed but instead of weeping over broken stones let us pause to weep rather for those many broken homes from which some gallant Allied soldier went on this bloody pilgrimage only to make it his lasting grave.

MAHATMA'S HEALTH IMPROVES

WARDHA, Jan. 21

MAHATMA GANDHI IS GRADUALLY IMPROVING AND REGAINING HIS NORMAL STRENGTH AND WEIGHT.—A. P.

Price Hungary Has To Pay

75 Million Sterling Reparations

LONDON, Jan. 21: Hungary is to pay 75 million sterling reparations under the terms of the Armistice Agreement signed in Moscow yesterday with the Provisional Government of Hungary, and published to-day simultaneously in Moscow, London and Washington.

This amount is to be paid in commodities such as machinery, rivercraft, grain and live stock over a period of six years. Of this total 50 million sterling will go to Russia and the remainder to Czechoslovakia and Yugoslavia.

The amount of compensation to be paid by Hungary to the other Allied states and their nationals is to be fixed at a later date.

The main points of the agreement are: Hungary has accepted her obligation to evacuate all Hungarian troops and officials from Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia and Rumania, and repeal all legislative and administrative provisions relating to the annexation or incorporation into Hungary of Czechoslovak, Yugoslav and Rumanian territory.

The Government of Hungary undertakes to disband German armed forces in Hungary and hand them over as prisoners of war.

Hungarian civil administration will be restored in the whole area Hungary separated by not less than 50 to hundred kilometres from the front line.

An Allied Control Commission will be established in Hungary to supervise the armistice terms.—Reuter.

Americans Land On Camotsi Islands

GENERAL MACARTHUR'S H.-Q. LEYTE, Jan. 20.

Japanese resistance is crumbling on the American left in Luzon island.

The Japanese are breaking up into disorganised groups.

American elements, landed on Camotsi islands between Leyte and Cebu, met minor resistance from the air only.

RAILROAD STOCK IN LUZON DESTROYED

In a series of encounters on Luzon with armour and artillery between Rosario and Udaneta, the Japs lost heavily in troops and equipment. Many field guns and 23 Japs tanks were destroyed and the Americans advanced into the foothills.

The Americans now hold the entire highway from Paniqui to Sison a distance of 37 miles.

The 'communique' says: "This practically cuts the enemy in two severing his forces in northern from those in southern Luzon."

The American air force remains most active against Japanese communications. "Practically half the railroad stock in Luzon is now destroyed" says the communique.

Resistance in the Cabaruan hills has collapsed. Villasis Carmen with the airefld and Sanmanuel in Tarlac Province has been seized.—Reuter.

Allies Nearing Saint Vith

Third Army Troops Repel Infantry Attack

From Reuter's Special Correspondent with the United States First Army S.H.A.E.F.

"American First Army armour supported by infantry driving on the important road centre of Saint Vith from the north this morning entered Born, about three and a half miles from Saint Vith. Born is the last important village on the way to Saint Vith. Deidenberg, four miles north of Saint Vith, has been taken by Allied armoured units.

THIRD ARMY SUCCESS

After a heavy artillery preparation German troops attacked Third Army positions in the Saarlautern bridgehead yesterday. The attack made by between 400 and 500 infantry was repulsed. Prisoners taken said that a number of German troops were killed by their own artilley. The Germans also counter-attacked with tanks and infantry in the area of the German villages of Tettingen and Wies, 13 miles south-east of Luxembourg. German tanks succeeded in entering Wies and the position there is still obscure.

Reuter's Special Correspondent with Allied forces in Belgium writes: Considerable movement of German troops has been observed on the United States Ninth Army Front. Some troops have been seen heading east towards Cologne and others north.

BRITISH ADVANCE

Reuter's Special Correspondent with British forces, Sunday writes: British troops continued their creeping advance into the Roermond-Nabseyck salient during the night capturing the villages of Bocket and Waldfrucht, both of which are about four miles west of the important German communications centre of Heinsberg. The largest advance in the past 24 hours was about two miles.

British forces which crossed the Maas two days ago occupied the town of Stevensweert and have now linked up with the columns pushing north-west from Echt. The entire area west of the Juliana canal, south of Stevensweert has been cleared.

German Marshalling Yards Raided

LONDON, Jan. 21: More than 900 Fortresses and Liberators today attacked three marshalling yards in Germany at Ashaffenburg, 25 miles south-east of Frankfurt, Helbronn, 25 miles north of Stuttgart, and Mannheim.—Reuter.

RELIEF TO HOLLAND

LONDON, Jan. 21: The Swiss radio reports that with the safe conduct from both the belligerents, two Swedish steamers are now ready to sail with the relief shipments for the destitute population in occupied Holland.

Scenes At Poona Sankrant Meeting

POONA, Sunday.

Some disturbance was caused at a meeting held to-day by the Poona Hindu Sabha in celebration of the "Sankrant" a Hindu festival, when some members of Dr. Ambedkar's party made speeches protesting that as the Scheduled Castes were non-Hindus they had nothing to do with Hindu festivals and activities. The meeting, however, proceeded smoothly after the initial disturbance and was addressed by Prof. M. V. Mate President, Mr. N. V. Godse, Editor of "Agrani", Mr. Gangurde, a Depressed Class Municipal Councillor and others. —A. P.

(Continued from col. 7)

of Madras, the "Amrita Bazar Patrika", the "Tribune", the "Leader", the "Statesman", the "Bombay Samachar", the "Jnanaprakash", the "Navakal", the "Sandesh", the "Prajabandhu", the "Samaj" in Oriya and the "Andhra Patrika" in Telugu. No Hindi papers were included. Foreign journals included "Life", "Time", the "Readers Digest", and the "Manchester Guardian" weekly.

PEACEFUL LIFE

"While talking of the activities of my colleagues I have to impress on you one point", said Prof. Ghosh. "that all of my colleagues are past fifty and their age is telling upon their health. As I have once remarked to Gandhiji, even if God comes in the shape of man, he has got to obey the laws of nature. Even so, my colleagues are leading a peaceful life."

Referring to the setting in which the Working Committee members lived, Prof. Ghosh said that they had enough rooms but the courtyard in which they could move about was only 90 yards in length. The walls of the Fort were very high both on the eastern and the western side so that they could never see sunset.

Giving a word of advice to Congressmen Prof. Ghosh said: "I am a firm believer in the constructive programme. It is a vitalising force. We talk of identifying ourselves with workers and peasants. The charkha is a suitable medium through which we can identify ourselves with labour. For us who live in cities and go under the name of intellectuals agricultural operations and the like are out of question. Half an hour at the charkha can make one feel that one is a kind of labourer. The eight year-old and the sixty-year-old can equally take to the charkha and add to national wealth. The spinning habit is infectious so that your neighbour is drawn to it too. It is a mere excuse that one is not able to spare time for it. Even after strenuous reading and writing, members of the Working Committee do their daily quota of spinning. It is the duty of everyone to take to charkha and spread its cult."

Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Mayor of Bombay and President of the B. P. C. C., garlanded Prof. Ghosh and wished for his speedy recovery.

Congress Leaders Refused Jail Interviews Because Of Treatment

GHOSH CHALLENGES MUDIE TO PUBLISH CORRESPONDENCE WITH MAULANA AZAD

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Addressing in Hindustani a select gathering of Congress workers of Bombay at Laxminarayan Baug, Dadar, this afternoon, Prof. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh, member of the Congress Working Committee, expressed a desire to remove misconception in public mind on two points. The first was in connection with the interview of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in the Ahmednagar Fort.

Many people had been questioning him, said, Prof. Ghosh, if this interview had anything to do with politics. Prof. Ghosh wished to tell the public that Mr. Bhulabhai had seen the Sardar only in connection with legal work. No politics of any kind was involved in the interview.

SECOND MISCONCEPTION

The second misconception which Prof. Ghosh wishes to remove related to the refusal by members of the Congress Working Committee to avail themselves of the facilities given to them by Government to interview relatives. The reply of Sir Francis Mudie, Home Member to the Government of India, in the Central Assembly gave an impression that the refusal of the Working Committee members was in view of the fact that they were allowed the facility of interviews after a long period of detention. This impression, said Prof Ghosh was wrong.

After reading the statement of Sir Francis Mudie in the Assembly, Moulana Abul Kalam Azad had entered into correspondence with the Government of India on the subject. It was open to Government, said Prof. Ghosh, to release this correspondence and let the people know the truth.

REFUSAL NOT BASED ON FEAR

Neither was the refusal of the Working Committee members to avail themselves of the facility based on any fear that relatives who came for interviews would be searched.

Their refusal was in view of the treatment meted out by Government.

Prof. Ghosh referred to an incident when a brother of Mr. Hare krishna Mehtab came to Ahmednagar Fort for an interview. He was told by the authorities that he would not be allowed to speak in Oriya during the interview and that he should get an interpreter.

Prof. Ghosh prefaced his address to Congressmen with a reference to his feelings since his release. He was an unhappy man firstly because he was ailing and secondly because his colleagues in the Congress Working Committee and numerous other co-workers were still behind the prison bars. The resolution passed by the All-India Congress Committee had been passed by them all. He wished to make it clear that he shared the responsibility for that resolution with all his colleagues in the Working Committee and other co-workers.

MEETING WITH GANDHIJI

"I am meeting so many of my friends", said Prof. Ghosh, "after two and a half years. If they expect me to tell them anything on the political situation, I am afraid, I will have to disappoint them. My knowledge of the situation has been only through newspapers I must withhold pronouncements till I have an opportunity of discussing with Gandhiji."

Referring briefly to the manner in which members of the Working Committee spent their time, Prof. Ghosh said that they were studying harder than college students. They worked twelve hours a day. Not even quarter of an hour was being wasted in idle conversation. The books which engaged their attention were of varied interest. Acharya Narendra Deo was busy translating a French book Acharya Kripalani was engaged in the translation of "Ramakrishna Katha Sanjivani."

The Indian newspapers supplied to his colleagues in the Ahmednagar Fort included the "Times of India", the "Bombay Chronicle", the "Hindu"

(Continued in Column 5)

DO YOU KNOW...?

A Sicilian bride, on her wedding day receives a shoe filled with coins, contributed by parents and relatives. The custom is centuries old and is supposed to ensure wedded bliss.

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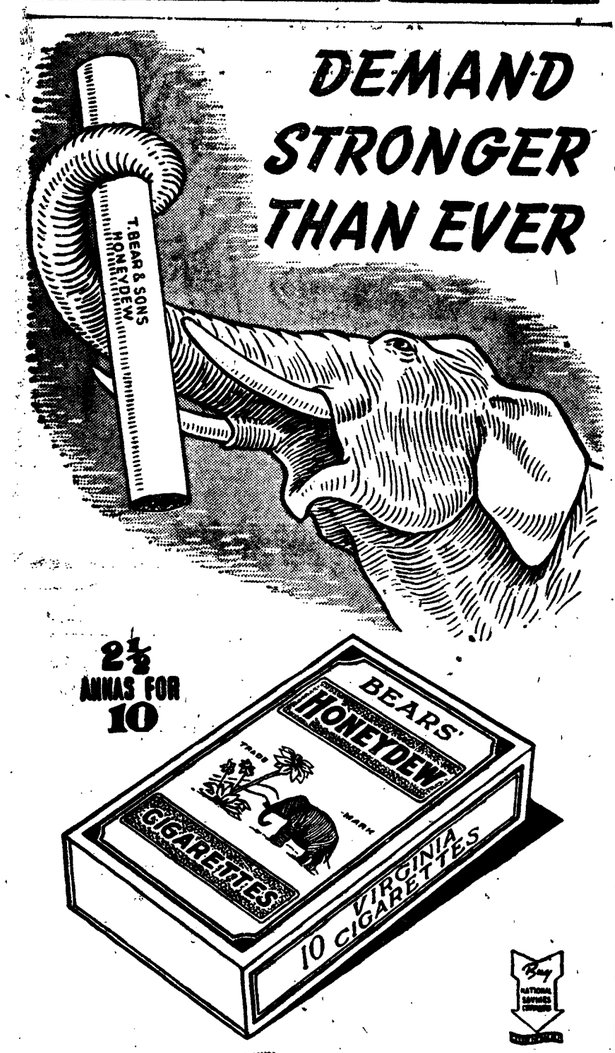

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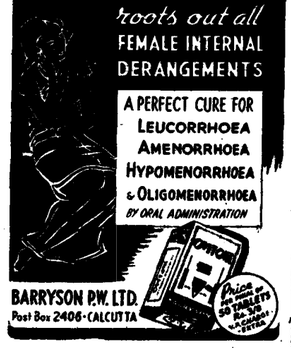

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JINNAH PLEADS FOR UNIFICATION OF MUSLIMS INTO ONE NATION

Address At Khoja Girls' Orphanage Gathering: League President Garlands 23 New Patrons

Interesting demonstrations in cooking, sewing and nursing were given by the girls of the Khoja Girls' Orphanage at a special gathering which came off at the premises of the Orphanage at Jail Road on Sunday morning. A gaily decorated Shamiana was improvised for the occasion on the terrace of Habib Building which houses the Orphanage. About 500 prominent members of the Khoja community were present at the function, which was presided over by Mr. M. A. Jinnah.

Addressing the gathering Mr. Jinnah dealt on the utility of home-training for girls and expressed his keen satisfaction at the noble work done by the trustees of the orphanage in building up the life and character of innocent young orphan girls who otherwise would have been ruined under the trials and tribulations of a difficult world. He further exhorted the members of the Khoja community to abandon their time-old prejudices against such institutions as the orphanage and give the benefit of that institution to every deserving unsupported orphan.

Proceeding Mr. Jinnah pleaded for the abolition of such distinctions as Khojas, Bohris and Memons and urged the unification of them all into one Muslim nation. This was a big task the fulfilment of which was only a question of time. He, however, believed that if each community employed its energy towards turning this stone-rough diamond into a perfectly cut diamond the time would come when they would pick up these precious stones and put them into a mosaic framework.

Concluding the speaker appealed to the charitable instinct of the community and called upon richer section of the community to contribute liberally towards the fund of the orphanage and thus help a deserving cause.

Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy in the course of his welcome address gave a brief historical resume of the orphanage and appealed for funds.

Mr. Gulamali Merchant read out the names of 23 patrons who had donated a sum of Rs. 25,000 each and who were later on congratulated and garlanded by Mr. Jinnah. In response to Mr. Jinnah's appeal for funds a large sum of money was collected on the spot.

BANGALORE, Jan. 20: Doctor B. S. Moonje arrived in Bangalore today on a short tour of the Mysore State during which he is expected to address a number of public meetings.—A. P.

"Communists Cannot Have Both Ways"

Patil Answers Critics Of Bombay Congressmen's Conference Resolution

Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the Bombay P.C.C., has issued the following statement on the subject of disciplinary action against the members of the Communist Party:

Inquiries are being addressed to me by Congressmen from several Provinces whether the disciplinary action recommended by the Bombay Conference of Congressmen against the members of the Communist Party was in consonance with the constitutional position as interpreted by Mrs. Naidu in her statements from Calcutta and Madras. Some clarification of the issues involved has, therefore, become necessary. To understand the position clearly, I re-state the constitutional points raised and answered by Mrs. Naidu. They are:

(1) You cannot penalize a whole party or a group;

(2) You cannot take away the rights of members because they are Communists; and

(3) You cannot deprive any single person who has signed the Congress pledge of his rights in the Congress.

I am in complete agreement with the constitutional position as explained by Mrs. Naidu. As a member of the Congress Working Committee and an experienced Congress leader she is entitled to be heard and obeyed by Congressmen.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH CONGRESS RULES

Speaking of the disciplinary action recommended by the Bombay Conference of Congressmen, I have once again to state that the action recommended by that Conference is strictly in accordance with the disciplinary rules of the Congress and does not violate any of the principles laid down by Mrs. Naidu. The Resolution passed by the Conference on this subject recommended disciplinary actions against those members of the Communist and Radical Democratic Parties who while holding elective positions in the Congress organisations had deliberately acted and carried on propaganda against the programme and decisions of the Congress. No action was taken against any primary member; nor was any body's name removed from the primary membership of the Congress. The Conference did not recommend any restrictions to be imposed on the primary membership of any body or group. In the City of Bombay the Communist Party are freely enrolling primary members of the Congress.

So far as the authority of the Congress organisations to take disciplinary action is concerned, the constitutional position is very clear. The disciplinary rules made by the Congress as early as 1936 invest the Working Committee and the Provincial executives with sufficient power to take disciplinary action against (among others).

(1) "Any member of a Congress Executive or elected Congress Committee who deliberately acts or carries on propaganda against the programme and decisions of the Congress."

(2) "Any member of the Congress who deliberately acts contrary to the decisions of the Congress or deliberately acts in a way likely to lower the power and prestige of the Congress so as to render his continuance as a member of the Congress undesirable in the interests of the Congress."

WHEN ACTION CAN BE TAKEN

This will clearly show that action can be taken both against a member of an elected Congress Committee and, even an ordinary member of the Congress.

The action provided for is:

(1) "In the case of a member of any Congress Committee, the disciplinary action may be his removal from such office or membership.."

(2) "In the case of a member of a primary Congress organisation disciplinary action may be a disqualification for a stated period and the fixation of a period during which he may not be admitted to the membership of the Congress."

One important point that requires to be cleared is: If the act of indiscipline is established beyond doubt whether the provincial organisations by whatever names they might be calling themselves could take disciplinary action or not. Here an argument is persistently advanced that the provincial Congress Committees being at present unlawful bodies could not constitutionally take any action of this kind. In my opinion, this is not a sound argument. At any rate it is too much over done. It looks like legal quibbling. To whom are these Congress organisations unlawful? Surely we are neither Police, nor Government, nor even law courts. Let us not forget that when Congressmen speak about disciplinary action, they know what they are talking about. They also know what their actions and responsibilities are towards their organizations. Persons who have otherwise made themselves liable for a disciplinary action and done so knowingly and deliberately must not take shelter behind a technical illegality which is not a part of Congress constitution

"COMMUNISTS HAVE MADE THEIR CHOICE"

"If 'ad hoc' Congress organisations like the Congressmen's Assemblies, Boards and Sangams, have excluded the Communists, the latter have to thank themselves. They have been found out in their true colours so far as their loyalty to the Congress is concerned. These new organisations are free to choose their own teams. Why should they include the Communists who had nothing common with the present Congress policy? By now there is hardly any Congress province in the country which has not put the Communists in their proper pigeon-holes. These Communist friends must know that they cannot run with the hares and hunt with the hounds. They had an opportunity to make their choice. They have made it. Let them now stick to it. Surely they cannot have it both ways.

CONSPIRACY TO CHEAT GOVT.

Clerk And His Brother Jailed And Fined By Special Tribunal

LUCKNOW, Jan. 21.

Set up by the Central Government for trying cases of bribery and corruption, the special tribunal, Lucknow has convicted Rai Chandra Jain, ex-casual Remittance Clerk, I.A.O.C. Records, Jubbulpore, and his brother Suresh Chandra Jain, for entering into a conspiracy and cheating the Government by operating fraudulently the accounts of military personnel.

A press note which contains this says, Rai Chand Jain was convicted on nine counts, and Suresh Chandra Jain on four counts. Both were sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for five years on each count, the sentences to run concurrently.

Both the accused were also fined Rs. 5,000 or, a further one year's imprisonment.

It is stated that Rai Chandra Jain in his capacity as Casual Remittance Clerk, used to issue money orders from the Accounts of Military Personnel without any authorization.

Suresh Chandra used to receive such money order. In this way, they misappropriated Rs. 3,775.—A.P.

MAHASABHA ELECTION DISPUTE

LUCKNOW, Jan. 20.

The application for temporary injunction restraining Rai Bahadur Harischandra of Delhi from announcing the results of the elections of representatives of the local Mahasabha to the All-India Committee of the Hindu Mahasabha and to the Working Committee of the Oudh Provincial Hindu Mahasabha came up for hearing today before Mr. Chandramoni, District Judge, Lucknow.

The application was granted and the 'ad interim' injunction already issued was made final till the disposal of the appeal pending before the District Judge.

Following a dispute between the two parties in the Oudh Provincial Hindu Mahasabha an application was filed before the local Munsif who passed an order restraining Rai Bahadur Harischandra from announcing the results of the elections.

The order was later cancelled.

An appeal was then made before the District Judge against this order.—A.P.

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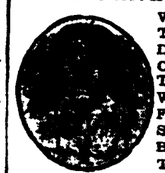

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at EXCELSIOR

Today's Programme (Jan. 22nd.)

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SMT. MENAKA

and members of NRITYALAYAM

In 17 classical dance items, including Solos, Duets, Group Dances and Ballets with full Orchestra.

9-30 P.M. RECITAL

SJT. SHAMBHU MAHARAJ

GURU NABAKUMAR SINHA

SJT. KRISHNAN KUTTY

and others including Smts. Shirin Vajifdar, Shevanti, Kaushalya, Sjts. Surendra Kumar, Narendra Kumar, Laxmidhar Bajpai and Shambhu Maharaj

in over 8 dazzling items of Kathak, Manipuri & Kathakali Dances

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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Shud 9, 2001.
Muslim: Safar 7, 1364.
Parsi: Amardad 21, 1314.
Sunrise: 8-15 a.m. Sunset 7-26 p.m.
Hightide: 6-53, 20-34.
Lowtide: —, 13-49.
Corporation meeting, 1-30 p.m. (B. T.).

To-day's Engagements

SPEECHES ON ART: To-day (Monday), at 6-15 p.m., at Mazdaznan Temple Hall, Dr. Trivikram and others will speak on Art.

DANCE FESTIVAL: Shanta Apte will give a recital in Kathakali, at 9-30 p.m. to-day (Monday), at the Excelsior.

REHATSEK BEQUEST: Distribution for 1944 was of Rs. 1,225, including Rs. 200 to Anjuman-e-Islam, and Rs. 100 to Bombay Education Society.

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION LTD.: The 18th annual general meeting to-day (Monday), at 3-15 p.m. (S. T.), Jenabai Building, Musjid Bunder Road.

PODAR MEDICAL COLLEGE: Annual Social and Prize Distribution of College Sports to-day (Monday), at 6-0 p.m. Mr. B. G. Kher, will preside, and give away the prizes.

"G" WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE: A meeting of the Congress workers in "G" Ward will be held to-day (Monday), at 9 p.m., in the Vanmali Hall to form sub-committees to carry out the constructive work in the ward. Shri S. K. Patil will address the meeting.

PUBLIC MEETING AT KAISERBAGH. Under the auspices of the Punjab Muslim Association a public meeting will be held at Kaisar Bagh, to-day (Monday), at 5 p.m. when Maulana Saiyed Sulaman Nadvi and Maulvi Muhammad Tayyab of Deoband will address the audience on purely Islamic problems.

RECEPTION TO SURESH VAIDYA. The All-India Students' Congress will give a public reception to Shri Suresh Vaidya, the well-known Indian Journalist of conscription issue fame, recently returned from England, to-day (Monday), at 6-30 p.m., at Blavatsky Lodge. Shri M. Y. Nurie, Ex-Congress Minister, will preside.

DR. ARUNDALE'S LECTURE: Dr. G. S. Arundale will speak on The Himalayan Background of Indian Education under the auspices of The Bombay Secondary Teachers' Association, The Head-Masters' Association of Bombay and Bombay Suburbs and the New Education Fellowship at the New Era School, Hughes Road, to-day (Monday), at 6-45 p.m.

PARTY TO SIR C. B. MEHTA: To meet Sir C. B. Mehta leader of the Indian delegation to the International Businessmen's Conference, Mr. J. C. Setalvad, president of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry will give a lunch to-day (Monday), at 1-15 p.m. (S. T.), at the Taj Mahal Hotel.

ON SANITATION ROUNDS: Personally to receive and to attend to citizens' complaints Re: insanitation, etc., on the spot, Mr. N. B. Parulekar, Public Relations Officer, Bombay Municipal Congress Party, will during the next week, be present between 9-30 and 10 a.m. as follows:— (1) Monday, (22nd Jan.), in front of "Subhas Upahar Griha", at Parel Road, near Parel Tram Terminus; (2) on Wednesday, (24), in front of the entrance of Telugu Munuwar Wadi, Kamathi Pura; (3) on Friday, (26th), in front of Mr. Sk. Yusuf Kalsekar's firework shop, Mahalaxmi, (Jacob Circle), Dhobi Ghat, Haines Road; and (4) on Saturday, (27th), at 8-30 a.m., at Sandhurst Bridge (East Side) Opera House, at the time of the Municipal Commissioner's round.

ELOCUTION COMPETITION: Under the auspices of the Hindi Literary Society, St. Xavier's College, the Inter-Collegiate Hindi Elocution Competition will be held on 3rd Feb. in St. Xavier's College. Three representatives from each institution will be allowed to take part. Three prizes are offered, viz. of Rs. 25, 15 and 5. The following are the subjects for speaking:—(1) Bombay University and Hindi; (2) The place of Hindi in a Free India; (3) Progressivism in Literature; (4) Modern Eve; and (5) Arts versus Science. Entries for the competition should come through the head of the institution before 27th Jan.

AHMEDABAD DEADLOCK

Principle Of Arbitration Must Be Upheld, Says Nanda

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 21: "We don't want that Labour and Capital should drift apart in this city, nor do we want to harm the interests of the mill-owners. But we do insist that the principle of arbitration should be the guiding factor in all disputes between us and the millowners", said Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Secretary of the Textile Labour Association, at a Press Conference held here last evening following the breakdown of negotiations on the question of giving bonus to the workers.

Continuing he said: "This institution is now under the guidance of Mahatma Gandhi and is trying to work out his socio-economic ideas. We cannot take any false steps because they will have repercussions all over India."

"Negotiations", added Mr. Nanda, "broke down on the question of bonus. Our request for arbitration was summarily rejected by the millowners. We want to maintain good relations with the millowners and at the same time we want justice and maintain the principle of arbitration. No body will now find any fault with us for any future development if an agreement is not reached."—United Press.

INDIAN INDUSTRIALISTS TO TOUR U. S. AND BRITAIN?

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 21

It is reliably learnt that Government have issued instructions to members of the Indian Industrialists Delegation to be ready for a tour to Britain and America in the beginning of March next. The industrialists have suggested arranging the departure in early April, first to America and then to Britain.

VOLLEY BALL RESULTS.

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Two games were decided in the "Sir Percival David Challenge Cup" Volley Ball Tournament conducted by Dawn Mills during the week end when the Dawn Mills 'B' beat Khalsa College by 15—2, 15—6 on Saturday while the Indian Gymkhana Ltd. accounted for the Tata Sports Club by 15—10, 15—8 on Sunday.

With 'Vikram' Dancers

Smti Mrinalini Sarabhai gave a 'Bharat Natya' solo recital on Saturday followed by a ballet in Kathakali in which group of Kerala artistes participated. The first part started with the dance invocation in Puri Kalyani. In the 'Abhinaya' item of the dance of Shiva, she gave a live portraiture of the 'Ananda Tandav' of Nataraja, in keeping with rhythm of whose dance danced the whole universe. Some of her rare poses of the dancing Shiva were descriptive and symbolic of ecstacy. Contrasted with this, the 'Krishna Leela' was noteworthy for lively expressions and graceful movements.

The second part of the programme was taken up by 'Vikramorvasiyam,' Kalidasa's drama, balletised in Kathakali technique. Mrinalini and her artistes found ample scope therein to demonstrate the capability of the Kathakali technique for dramatisation of a powerful story in its principal sequences. The dance technique of 'Thodayam' 'Sari', 'Purappad', 'Kalasams' and 'Kumoni' was skilfully exploited for appropriate situations. The music score and orchestration by Smti. Vilakshi added to the efficiency of presentation.

Achhan Makes History

The 'piece-de-resistance' of the night's programme was the eagerly awaited Kathak dance recital by Guru Achhan Maharaj, the Grand Old Man of the Kathak school. He gave an admirable exposition of the basic principles and federal structure of the Kathak dance and worked it up in regular sequences reminiscent of the heyday of Pandit Kalka Prasad and Brindadin Maharaj. In the execution of the complex technique of the Kathak dance, Achhan Maharaj stood as the wizard of footwork and master of rhythm. He rendered some rare 'Bhavas' with eloquent expression and fluent movements and refuted the fallacy that the Kathak had no scope for interpretation. The recital was marked by balance, fluidity, grace and refinement, in spite of the age of the master. His performance which was greeted with a chorus of encores from all sides of the house marked the summit of the Kathak dance. Badya Shiromani Kante Maharaj of Benares who accompanied Achhan Maharaj in 'Tabla' rose to the proverbial height of 'Nandi' in 'Shiv Tandav.'

The six-year old son of Pandit Achhan Maharaj made his mark as a prodigy of Kathak and promises to carry on worthily the great dance traditions of his house. Jayakumari was 'Kathak' from head to foot, and the eyes of the house danced round her foot-steps. Other items included Manipuri dances by Braja Basi Singha's party and vocal and instrumental by Smt. Binapani Mukherjee and Ali Akbar Khan respectively.

SUNDAY'S PROGRAMME

Sunday's programme started with the recital of the Kuravanchi temple dance by Smt. Rukmini Devi and her artistes of Kalakshetra. This was followed by Bharat Natya solo recital of Bala Saraswati.

MONDAY'S PROGRAMME

Today's programme consists of a recital by Madame Menaka and her Nrityalayam artistes. The night programme consists of recitals by Shambu Maharaj, a veteran exponent of the Kathak dance. An item of Kathakali by Shanta Apte is also included in the programme

OLYMPIC GAMES

RAILWAYS FIGURE IN WINNING INDIVIDUAL CHAMPIONSHIPS

Brilliant Cycling By Sydney Corder

The 10th Annual Bombay Provincial Olympic Games were concluded on Sunday. Two new Bombay records were set up and in another event an all-India record of last year was equalled.

In 1,500 meters run Fabian D. Souza, (17-year school-boy) created a new record, finishing the distance in 4 minutes 20.7 seconds.

In Pole-Vault, Gohil cleared the height of 11 feet 4-1/2 inches, and bettered his own last year's record by an inch.

In 110 meters hurdles, J. Vickers equalled his own All-India record by finishing the race in 15.6 seconds.

WOMEN'S EVENTS

In women's events, Miss Banu Gazdar, Miss B. Thadani, the inter-collegiate champion, and Miss Y. Colter made good performances.

Miss Banu Gazdar won 100 meters run, and in running broad jump Miss Thadani stood first in putting the shot and throwing the discuss.

CYCLING EVENTS

In cycling events, Sydney Corder of Poona gave a brilliant exhibition of cycling, besides winning 1,000 meters lap race, and 1,000 meters sprint. Also he won 4,000 meters lap race, coming first in all the rounds.

In women's cycling, Miss Margaret Sullivan (Poona Wheelers) won both the events, viz., 500 meters sprint and 2,000 meters lap race.

The Bombay City Police won the team championship in men' events, while G. I. P. Ry. Sports Club won the women's events.

Individual championship in men's events was won by Leo Pereira (B. B. and C. I. Ry.). The same honour in women's events was won by Miss Y. Colter (G.I.P. Ry.).

The Cycling Championship was won by Sydney Corder.

H. E. the Governor of Bombay paid a visit for a short time on Saturday, and awarded a special prize to Aboo Nagahe (60-year old cultivator of Porbander, who finished the Marathon race of over 26 miles and stood fifth among the six competitors.

Mr. Nagindas Master, Mayor of Bombay, presided over the function and distributed prizes to the winners.

INNINGS DEFEAT STARING MYSORE

Rangachari Bags 7 For 34

MADRAS, Jan. 21.

Mysore were all out in their first innings for 78 against Madras who were all out for 363 on the second day of the south zone final of Ranji Trophy. Following on Mysore made 47 for six wickets at the close of to-day's play.

From the Madras side A. Anantanarayan put up a brave stand scoring 124 not out with 13 fours. He had been at the wickets for just under five hours.

Rangachari was responsible for the Mysore first innings debacle, taking 7 wickets for 34 runs. F. K. Irani was the top scorer with 20 runs to his credit.

With a deficit of 288 runs Mysore was forced to follow on.

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Best Blend to suit critical tastes.

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Length 20/22, Diameter 8/10 Hallow, available, write—

MOGHE BROTHERS. Girgaum, Bombay.

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LADIES and GENTS, desirous to increase their weight and to look 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age and to get lovely improvement in features and charms like young days. Write a Post Card for FREE Booklet with your name and address in BLOCK LETTERS. Write immediately to enjoy the real pleasures of life.

Otogen Laboratories LAHORE

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SAIGAL'S SONGS

are on Everybody's Lips! Hear him in New Theatres' Newest . .

MY SISTER

Story:—B. Chatterji
Direction:—Hem Chunder
Music:— P. Mullick.
Daily: 4 7, 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. at 1 p.m.

Reservation:— 10 a.m. to 12 & 3 p.m. to 6. CENTRAL

PARADISE

Daily: 4, 6-45, & 9-45 p.m.

The Kiss that turned aside the tides of conflict.....to blast another woman's hope and dreams

See

TAMARA TOUMANOVA, GREGORY PECK

in

"Days of Glory"

With

ALAN REED, MARIA PALMER

Produced by: CASEY ROBINSON

SPARKLING & SCRUMPTIOUS!

JAYANT DESAI'S

LALKAR

Starring: RAMOLA ISHWARLAL, MUBARAK, MAYA BANERJI

7th Week of Crowds

Daily: 4, 7, 10 P. M.

NEW WEST END

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(Under the auspices of the Rotary Club of Bombay)

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Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall And The University Convocation Hall

From JANUARY 20 to FEBRUARY 3

Daily from 4 to 8 p.m., Saturdays 2 to 8 p.m. Sundays 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. & 4 p.m. to 8 p.m.

Rates of admission Jan. 20th to 23rd As. 8.

Jan. 24th to Feb. 3rd As. 4. Students throughout at As. 2.

Servicemen in Uniform free.

IMPORTANT DATES TO REMEMBER

JAN. 22, 23, 24—FILM SHOWS at 6-30 p.m. at St. Xavier's College Hall.

JAN. 25—RECITAL OF EUROPEAN and INDIAN DANCING at 9-30 p.m. at Excelsior Theatre.

JAN. 30, 31 & FEB. 1st.—CONCERTS OF RECORDED MUSIC at the Sir Jivanji Modi Memorial Hall. (Admission free).

FEB. 7—SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA at 6-30 p.m. at Sir C. J. Hall. (Tickets from S. Rose & Co., Ltd.)

Space Donated by THE TATA OIL MILLS CO., LTD.

NEXT SATURDAY —27th JANUARY

To brighten up your hearts comes the nightingale

KUMARI

JYUTHIKA RAY

—She will set your hearts a flutting with her divine melodies

Along with

Dainty Dances and Sweet Orchestra

SATURDAY 27TH JAN. AT 6-15 P. M.

SUNDERBAI HALL

SUNDAY 28TH JAN. AT 10-15 A. M.

NEW EMPIRE

THEATRE BORI BUNDER

MONDAY 29TH JAN. AT 6-15 P. M.

SUNDERBAI HALL

Rates: Rs. 19, 12, 10, 6-8, 5, 4, 2-8, 1-4

Booking opens Today. Tickets can be had at BHARAT AGENCY, Princess Street.

Phone: 33103.

HE always feels happy at family dinner. He feels ever energetic and buoyant because of dainty, healthy dishes prepared at home from

SWASTIK'S GOWALIN BRAND VANASPATI

Delicious, healthy and economical, pure GOWALIN BRAND VANASPATI is available everywhere in 4 lbs 12 ozs., and 10 lbs. tins.

SWASTIK OIL MILLS LTD., BOMBAY 15.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Jan. 21: The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours L. M. T. on 18/1/45 :— Allahabad 75 90 0, BOMBAY 80 67 0, Calcutta 77 53 0, Cawnpore 84 40 nil, Cuttack 85 62 0, Darjeeling 53 39 0, Delhi 68 40 0, Dehra Dun 72 40 0, Jacobabad 82 42 0, Karachi 76 52 0, Lahore 57 33 nil, Lucknow 76 36 0, Madras 83 69 0, Nagpur 89 63 0, Patna 74 51 0, Peshawar 69 39 0, Shillong 66 37 0, Simla 57 43 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

If a man does not make new acquaintance as he advances through life, he will soon find himself alone. A man, sir, should keep his friendship in constant repair.

—Dr. Johnson.

The Bombay Chronicle

ANOTHER CHARTER

The International Conference on Pacific Relations at Hotsprings has ended, but Mrs. Vijaya Laxmi Pandit, one of the Indian delegates to the Conference, says she leaves the Conference in a curiously dissatisfied state of mind because the representatives of most of the Allies spoke as if they wanted more power for themselves than peace for the world. The official memorandum, which is said to have received "general approval", though after it was "most violently discussed", proposes a "Pacific Charter, guaranteeing full freedom and equality to all the people of the Far East". This new Charter is as high-sounding as the one which is drowned in the Atlantic and which may, for aught one knows, meet with a similar fate when it suits the interests of the Big Powers who seek to dominate both the oceans, and the East as well as the West. "The United Nations", says the Charter, "emphatically reject the theories of 'master races' who claim to have inherently superior qualities entitling them to rule over or act as guardians of other races or peoples. The United Nations proclaim fundamental equality for all peoples. They pledge themselves to unceasing efforts to enable all peoples to enjoy the benefits of that equality". Though the Conference was one of non-officials, we can quite imagine Britain officially accepting it, on the one hand, and explaining it away, on the other, so far at least as India is concerned, explaining it, for instance, in the sense, in which, according to British statesmen, the Atlantic Charter is already being applied to India or in which Dominion Status is already in action in India. A United Press of America report of the Conference says: "Although at the Conference no decision was reached, general feeling appeared that the future problem for Security Council is not so much as how to suppress aggression as to define aggression." We shall not be surprised if a Security Council decides that after a sufficiently long time aggression ceases to be aggression.

So far as the discussion of the Indian question is concerned, Mr. B. Shiva Rao another Indian delegate to the Conference, states that "every aspect of the Indian problem was brought up or raised by the Indian delegates during discussions, and it is safe to say we found general support for the plea that India must be independent at the earliest moment." He warns, however, that British propaganda "has been successful to a large extent in persuading public opinion in the United States that the issue of India's independence is no longer in question, but will be settled automatically after the war, as soon as India can produce general agreement." Huge sums of British as well as Indian money have been spent for such propaganda because Britain realises that world opinion, particularly American opinion, is a force to be reckoned with in the solution of the Indian problem. If so, India should not allow judgment, to go against her by default. In the interests of truth and freedom she has to carry on her own educative propaganda in America, Britain and wherever else it is found necessary. It is true Britain may devise all kinds of restrictions to suppress Indian propaganda and will expand anti-Indian propaganda. But such dishonest tactics will only condemn Britain herself and speak for India, if only India maintains both her struggle and her propaganda. For various reasons the eyes of the world are now on India. If millions of Indians celebrate the forthcoming Independence Day in a self-assertive but non-violent manner in accordance with Gandhiji's instructions, its reports will not fail to reach the ends of the world. In her message to the "Daily Worker" of London for the Independence Day Mrs. Naidu rightly suggests that "all those who believe in the freedom of the world must mobilise world opinion to support India's fight for her freedom. It follows India herself should celebrate the Day in a manner that elicits world's admiration.

"Pax Britannica"

The war and, more so, the post-war future, have not unnaturally forced Britain to try to keep on the right side of American opinion. Hence the succession of authoritative and semi-authoritative spokesmen visiting the United States to explain and defend Britain. The Colonial Minister, Mr. Oliver Stanley, is himself one of those visitors and has been busy telling America the truth about and the principles of British Colonial Imperialism. This is quite understandable. There has been a good deal of anxiety over, and, in many instances, even, harsh criticism in the U. S. of, British policy and intentions. The policy is so clearly in direct conflict with not only the Atlantic Charter but also the fundamentals of democracy that American public opinion is unable to swallow it. Mr. Stanley is trying to help the process.

But his efforts are not likely to succeed with any impartial observer who knows something of the past and present of British Imperialism. Mr. Oliver Stanley, after reiterating the same platitude about Britain's objective, reiterated the old reasons for holding on to the Colonial Empire, namely, the dangers of disintegration and internecine war. Some people, may, thinking of the years of British rule, be reminded by Mr. Stanley's plea of the divide and rule technique. Then, again, the pose of democratic altruism does not ring true to those who know even a little of the realities. The blessing of "Pax Britannica" is not quite unmixed. Britishers themselves have exposed how Pax Britannica has been imposed on the Colonial Empire in order to ensure its peaceful economic exploitation. The City of London and the British governing class—the shareholders of the Empire—may constitute a Freemason's brotherhood but they are no secret to the world. In fact, the secret is often enough bluntly confessed by the rulers themselves, sometimes as an apology for the past in order to render more plausible a promise for the future which, of course, is not intended to be kept. But on some rare occasions it is confessed also in the very useful and revealing form of "we mean to hold what is ours" to the vociferous applause of—a City of London audience. The Oliver Stanleys who defend the Empire self-righteously only expose its real character and objective. And why, if Colonial Imperialism is mere selfless service to backward human beings, should the British not share the trouble with others, convert it, that is, into a World Trust, why refuse to "liquidate" it in favour of an international organisation?

Frankly Speaking

Belated Effort

The Polish Premier's appeal for a Russo-Polish understanding provokes a mixture of sympathy and irritation. It emphasises the emigre Government's helplessness and isolation. But whose fault is it that M. Arciszewske should plead so pathetically with Russia and with such eager protestations of sincerity and earnestness? It loses nearly all its value because it is the direct consequence of an external circumstance: the Red Army's capture of Warsaw and its sweep across Poland. The London Poles struck obstinately to their old policy inspite of the warnings of their own friends like Mr. Churchill and even to the extent of getting rid of M. Mikolajczyk. If they declare their readiness to modify it, no one can escape the obvious impression that Russia's military success has forced them to do so. Moreover, as a correspondent of the London "Observer" reports, the "underground" in Poland has been insisting on a compromise based on large and far-reaching concessions to the Russian viewpoints. M. Arciszewski and his friends, however, thought they would better hold out. It was an unwise, extremely unwise policy and the London Poles are now faced with its inevitable consequences. It is a pity that the London Poles failed to realise the realities of the situation until it was too late.

Rundstedt's Plan

Field Marshal von Rundstedt's aggressiveness on the Alsace front has led Reuter's Military Correspondent to point out that the German Commander has not given up his original plan of scoring a political victory and smashing Allied preparations to resume the initiative on the Western Front. It is nearly impossible now for von Rundstedt to achieve any major victory, and even a minor break-through is likely to be frustrated now by General Eisenhower's moving the French army into action. There are still good chances of a general offensive being launched on the western front to co-ordinate with "titanic" Russian drive. But even if this does not materialise the Western Allies can and will contribute appreciably to the Red Army's offensive by keeping all the German forces in the West engaged. This is certain.

The Supreme Test

President Roosevelt's re-election in November last was greeted all the world over with relief and satisfaction because it was a victory over a rival who represented essentially ideas and policies that were neither so liberal nor international. His inauguration has evoked the same feeling modified by a sober consciousness of the realities facing the world. President Roosevelt is far better than Mr. Dewey, but today he is facing, to quote his own words, "a period of supreme test" arising out of the conflicts among the United Nations and the challenge of approaching victory? These conflicts have to be resolved, and even more important, the peace that is to be ushered in must be a just and democratic peace for the whole world and not merely for a few. This is the only way in which he and his "Big" colleagues can emerge "successfully and honourably" out of the "period of supreme test." We fear that the world has to await their emergence not so much with confidence as with anxiety.

Disgraceful If True

It is reported that the Bombay Government has refused to forward a copy of the book entitled "India Unreconciled", published by the "Hindustan Times" to Dr. P. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, member of the Congress Working Committee. If the fact is as stated, it is a disgraceful encroachment on the rights of any detenu, apart from the high status that Dr. Pattabhi enjoys in our public life. The book itself is not banned. We have reviewed and commended it to the public before for the reason, among others, that it contains mostly documents already published and not proscribed—on India's politics of the last few years. It is disgraceful, indeed, to imprison a leader without a trial and then to deny him books which tell him something of the people from whom he is torn and which are considered safe in the hands of persons less under Government's control. This is one more act of petty-mindedness and vindictiveness in which Government has been indulging in dealing with Congress leaders for the last many months.

The Offer Counts

A member of Parliament suggests that a Royal Proclamation containing Britain's offer to India would impress Indians more than a statement from the Secretary of State for India. A Royal Proclamation will doubtless be a better advertisement for the time being. But since 1921 Indians have not been unduly influenced by Royal personages. Republicanism is making progress in many parts of the world not without British aid. In any case, Indians are sensible enough to judge an offer far more by its contents than the person conveying it. They are prepared to welcome a good, genuine offer even from Mr. Amery.

INDEPENDENCE PLEDGE

Mr. S. K. Patil has issued to the Press the "Independence Pledge" to be taken by all lovers of independence on the forthcoming "Independence Day", January 26.

The Pledge in substance is the pledge as originally framed. A few changes in the last paragraphs of the pledge have now been made to suit the present political situation in the country.

PLEDGE

"We believe that it is an inalienable right of the Indian people, as of any other people, to have freedom and enjoy the fruits of their toil and have the necessities of life, so that they may have full opportunities of growth. We believe also that if any Government deprives a people of these rights and oppresses them, the people have a further right to alter it or to abolish it. The British Government in India has not only deprived the Indian people of their freedom but has based itself on the exploitation of the masses, and has ruined India economically, politically, culturally and spiritually. We believe therefore, that India must sever the British connection and attain Purna Swaraj or Complete Independence.

"We recognize that the most effective way of gaining our freedom is not through violence. India has gained strength and self-reliance and marched a long way to Swaraj following non-violent methods under the inspiring leadership of Mahatma Gandhi. We pledge ourselves anew to follow him faithfully and unflinchingly and never to stray from the path of non-violent resistance he has shown.

CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAMME

"We have realized the dynamic power of the constructive programme and we shall work it up with devotion and vigour.

"Our faith in communal unity is daily increasing and on this occasion we renew our resolve that in our relations with other communities we shall act as children of Mother India, bound by common nationality and common political and economic interest.

"We pay our grateful homage to all those comrades of ours who have made untold sacrifices and many of whom have even given their lives in the cause of freedom. Their noble sacrifices will ever remind us of our duty never to rest until we win our freedom by our own toils and sufferings.

"We cannot, on this occasion, forget our beloved leaders—the members of the Congress Working Committee, and other comrades who are still rotting behind the prison bars. We reaffirm our solidarity with them and assure them of our determination to devote ourselves to the cause for which they are suffering.

"We pledge ourselves to a disciplined observance of Congress principles and policies and to keep in readiness to respond to the call of the Congress for carrying on the struggle for the independence of India. Undaunted by hardships and persecution and even by temporary reverses, we once again declare our faith in the righteousness of our cause and solemnly pledge ourselves to continue our struggle till Purna Swaraj is attained."

VANDE MATARAM

MRS. PANDIT DISSATISFIED

Allied Nations Care More For Power

HOT SPRINGS (Virginia), Jan. 20.

Expressing a certain amount of dissatisfaction with the result of the international conference on Pacific relations, which ended on Friday, Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit, Chairman of the Indian delegation, told Reuter: "I leave the conference in a cubiously dissatisfied state of mind.

"I feel that we merely expressed old thoughts in new ways and there has been nothing in our method of approach towards the Far Eastern problems discussed here to show that the countries were prepared to give up preconceived ideas and find a solution for these problems in the light of changed circumstances. I would have wished this conference to work from the ground upward and deal with the roots of the problems that confront us today, rather than remain suspended in a mass of technical and theoretical arguments.

"I have, however seen a disinclination on the part of certain members of the conference to face anything that was towards the Far Eastern problems discussed the conference usually dealt with it by saying: 'Let us face realities', and when the conference was suddenly faced by realities which were getting to a point which seemed dangerous, they discussed them by saying 'Let us tackle this from a more human point of view' and so, inevitably, the discussions of the conference went round in circles."

MORAL ISSUES

Speaking of the moral issues at stake in this war, Mrs. Pandit declared: "I have heard the Allied Nations described as peace-loving and right-minded—but I would prefer to describe them, for the present, as power-possessing nations. In their arrogance today, they want to decide how to allocate more power to themselves in the hour of victory. I am one of those unhappy people who have not yet been able to understand the moral issues in this war. For when the war ends, it will have been because one group had more men and money and ammunition than another, and peace will, therefore, not be an indication of the basic rights of humanity. Therefore, I cannot summon up great enthusiasm in such a termination to the war."—Reuter.

A.-I. T. U. C. DEMANDS TRANSFER OF POWER TO INDIAN PEOPLE

Pledges Whole-Hearted Support Of Working Class In Political Leaders' Efforts To Solve Deadlock

MADRAS, Jan. 21.

The All-India Trade Union Congress today passed a resolution on the political situation in India.

The resolution protested against the failure of the British Government to accede to the unanimous demand of Indians of all shades of opinion for immediate transfer of power to the Indian people and opined that "the policy of holding to power autocratically despite the declared wishes of the people of India ran counter to the anti-Fascist and democratic professions of the British Government."

The resolution demanded, in the name of Indian people's right to freedom as well as to safeguard India against the present unbearable conditions, the immediate establishment of a National Government at the Centre responsible to the people of the country and pledged the wholehearted support of the working class of this country in the efforts made by political leaders like Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah not only for resolving differences but also for securing the transfer of power.

The first delegates' meeting of the Congress began this morning and the beginning was marked by frequent interruptions from a section of the House who wanted to be assured that proceedings would be conducted on non-partisan spirit.

Fraternal greetings were conveyed by special delegations from Ceylon and Baluchistan Trade Union Congresses.

The House at the outset adopted two resolutions from the chair one placing on record its deep gratitude to the martyrs for Indian freedom and expressing its homage to their memory and secondly, appealing to the Viceroy and the Governor of Central Provinces to commute the death sentences passed on the accused in Ashti and Chimur cases.

Mr. V. V. Giri moved the main resolution on political situation. Mr. Giri said that the resolution was based on different views held by different sections of the Trade Union Congress and it was an agreed proposition. There was no difference of opinion, he said, on the fact that the British Government was not prepared to part with power and on the other hand it desired to strengthen its Imperialistic hold of the country.

SELF-RELIANCE FOR SUCCESS

If India was to secure undiluted political and economic freedom of the country it could never be achieved with the aid of other nations. It could be achieved only through her own exertion, discipline and unity and there was no use relying on outside help. He had seen the declaration of British socialist parties which claimed to stand for the liberation of India and he felt that there was little to choose between the Conservative Party led by Mr. Churchill and the Labour Party of Britain.

He admitted that Labour in India had not played its part which it ought to in the fight for freedom. The workers in India, he averred, cared more for their dearness allowance and though they had not forgotten the ideal of freedom of the country, they had watered it down. Mr. Giri asserted that Indian workers were as anti-Imperialists as they were anti-Fascists and he appealed to workers to strengthen their organisation and create adequate public opinion to secure freedom for the country through its own efforts.

Expressing his personal view on the question of self-determination, he said that if India was to attain its proper place among free nations, it could be only on the basis of a United India. He hoped that leaders would think in terms of United India in their approach to the problem and so far as the workers of the country were concerned, a divided India meant a danger to their progress.

He appealed to the workers to feel that they were Indians first and Trade Unionists next.

Mr. Kalappa (B.N.R.) Mr. M. K. Bose (Bengal), and Mr. Lahiri spoke on the resolution. They felt that with Congress and Muslim League united, the Trade Union Congress standing beside, India's march towards freedom would be irresistible.

Loud and prolonged cheers greeted the passing of the resolution. The session adjourned till tomorrow.—A. P.

A.-I. T. U. C. SUPPORTS NATIONAL DEMAND

MADRAS, Jan. 21.

The following is the full text of the main political resolution moved by Mr. V. V. Giri at the All-India Trade Union Congress today:—

"The A.-I.T.U.C. strongly protests against the failure of the British Government to accede to the unanimous demand of Indians of all shades of opinion, for the immediate transfer of power to the Indian people.

The refusal of the Government to respond to the offer of Mahatma Gandhi, and Lord Wavell's December speech, only serve to underline the fact that the British Government is determined to maintain the deadlock and stick to power.

The opinion of this session is that this policy of holding on to power autocratically despite the declared wishes of the people of India, runs counter to the anti-Fascist and democratic professions of the British Government.

The A.-I.T.U.C. is further of the opinion that the present irresponsible Government has exposed itself as thoroughly incompetent to handle even a single problem created by the complex war conditions. Its isolation from the people has led to rapid economic deterioration all over the country, intensifying poverty and starvation.

In the name, therefore, of the Indian peoples' right to freedom as well as to safeguard India against the present unbearable conditions, the A.-I. T. U. C. demand the immediate establishment of a National Government at the centre responsible to the people of the country.

In order to end the deadlock, efforts made by political leaders like Mahatma Gandhi and the Quaid-e-Azam Mr. Jinnah, not only for resolving differences, but also for securing the transfer of power, will receive the whole-hearted support of the working class of this country."

Lenin, The Maker of Soviet Union

MOSCOW, (By Cable).

Vladimir Ilyich Lenin (Ulyanov), founder of the Bolshevik Party and the Soviet State, was born on April 22, 1870 in the city of Simbirsk, now Ulyanovsk, and died on January 21, 1924—twenty-one years ago today.

Lenin returned to Russia in April 1917 after the overthrow of Tsarism. From that time on Lenin and Stalin prepared and led workers and peasants of Russia forward to the overthrow of the provisional government, a government which was hostile to the people. October 1917 in Russia saw the culmination, under the leadership of Lenin and Stalin, of the greatest revolution: power went over to the Soviets and a new rule, rule of workers and peasants, was established.

Lenin was elected Chairman of the first Soviet Government Council of People's Commissars. From the very outset of the Socialist Revolution, Lenin placed in the forefront the task of economic and cultural reorganisation of the country and the strengthening of its defence.

Lenin, together with Stalin, created the Red Army and ensured defeat of Germans at Narva and subsequent defeat of all enemies of Soviet power during years of the Civil War. Lenin and Stalin aroused people to great deeds selfless labour, observance of iron discipline everywhere in the rear as well as at the front. People followed Lenin and Stalin and this saved the young Soviet State from ruin and created conditions for rapid material and spiritual flourishing of peoples of Russia.

Under the leadership of Lenin and Stalin the numerous Russian peoples were united into a single, closely knit family of the great Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

Constructive Genius

Lenin pointed out to the Soviet people the path for the reconstruction of Russia. He showed that, without creation of powerful industry, it was impossible to strengthen the union of workers and peasants—the most important political basis of the Soviet State—impossible to overcome ageold backwardness of Russia, to end poverty and hunger in the village, to reorganize scattered peasant farms into large collective mechanised economy and build a cultural prosperous life.

Lenin paid constant attention to public education, development of science and culture encouragement of the old and training of the new scientific cadres. During the most difficult years of famine, blockade and Intervention, Lenin was deeply interested in the well being of scientists, writers, teachers and artists and created the basis for advance of art and science in the Soviet Union.

Standing at the head of science, Lenin mapped out for mankind the way to bright future. He put into practice Marx's great teachings on socialism and developed Marxism still further, raising it to a new and higher level. There is not a single field of social science which has not been enriched by Lenin's great ideas. His economic philosophic and historical works are a great treasure store of learning.

Lenin's name has won profound, sincere love, universal recognition and admiration from all honest thinking people throughout the world.

Lenin's 21st Anniversary Celebration In Bombay

The 21st anniversary of Lenin's death was celebrated at a public meeting held on Sunday evening at Blavatsky Hall under the auspices of the Friends of Soviet Union, Dr. R. Naidu presiding. Mr. K. Ahmed Abbas and Mr. R. M. Jambhekar were among the speakers. An interesting feature of the celebration was the singing of six popular Red Army songs.

BOMBAY 'VARSITY'S FIRST INNINGS LEAD

Phadkar Bowls Well

LAHORE, Jan. 21: In the second day's play between the Bombay University and the Punjab University for the 'Varsity Cricket Championship of India the latter in the first innings replied with 198 runs, giving a lead of 39 runs to the visitors. Bombay in their second innings scored 101 for 4 at the close of the play.

SCORES: (Bombay First Innings): Mantri b Munawar 22, Pandit l.b.w. Riaz 20, M. R. Rege b Hafiz 2, R. S. Mody c Imtiaz b Fazal 110, D. G Phadkar c Imtiaz b Hafiz 41, A. Mirchandani b Hafiz 4, Palwankar c Atal b Hafiz 26, D. N. Gundi c Imtiaz b Fazal 2, Vivek Hazare c Nashar b Hafiz 0, K. C. Abdulla c Imtiaz b Fazal 1, J. M. Patel not out 0. Extras 9. Total 237.

PUNJAB UNIVERSITY (First Innings): Nazar Mohd. c J. Patel b Phadkar 0, Daljinder Singh c Phadkar b Rege 40, Imtiaz b Phadkar 4, Balbir Chand l.b.w. b Abdulla 25, Abdul Hafiz c Mantri b Phadkar 33, Fazal Mohmud c J. Patel b Phadkar 1, Zaffar b Modi 41, Gian Sagar c Phadkar b Rege 7, Riaz c Modi b b Rege 0, Munawar c Mantri b Phadkar 9, Atal not out 12. Extras 26. Total 198.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY: (Second Innings): Pandit b Hafiz 9, Rege batting 35 Mirchandani run out 6, Modi b Munawar 38, Phadkar l.b.w. b Fazal 2, Vivek Hazare batting 3. Extras 8. Total (for four wickets) 101.

Manu Subedar's Adjournment Motion

NEW DELHI, Jan. 20.

Mr. Manu Subedar has given notice of an adjournment motion for the Central Assembly to discuss "the omission to include one or more non-official members of the legislature in the Hydari Mission proceeding to the United Kingdom."—A. P.

CHINESE ADVANCE FROM NAMKHAM TOWARDS MUSE

Indian Troops Inflict Heavy Losses On Japs South Of Minbya

KANDY, Jan. 21.

To-day's S.E.A.C. 'communique' states:

LAND: Fourteenth Army: our leading troops are 18 miles from Sagaing on the road from Shwebo and hold the high ground west of the road.

The enemy strongly attacked our positions on the 800 foot high Minban Taung in our Irrawaddy bridgehead two miles east of the river and 18 miles east of Shwebo.

Operations to clear Monywa continued.

FIFTEENTH INDIAN CORPS: Our troops have occupied Kantha on the Meybon peninsula. An attack on our positions four miles S.S.W of Minbya was repulsed with severe losses to the enemy. South of Teinnyo enemy artillery was active.

CHINESE ADVANCE (NORTHERN COMBAT AREA COMMAND): Chinese troops yesterday advancing from Namkham reached a point one mile from Muse without meeting opposition. There was patrol activity along the Shweli south of Mwanhawn.

In Arakan, targets included Japanese troop and gun positions and a dump area.

Other aircraft attacked traffic on roads and rivers near Mandalay and hit 70 rivercraft between the west coast and the Irrawaddy.

One Allied aircraft is missing.—A. P.

'CHINS' SWEEP INTO BURMA

GANGAW, Jan. 21.

Men of the almost legendary Lushai brigade and Chin levies played an important role in the capture of the key Jap supply base of Gangaw, writes an Indian army observer.

Gangaw is the biggest town in this part of Burma and the main administrative centre of the district.

The Chins and Lushais, after the recapture of Haka and Falam in the Chin Hills, moved forward on a 150-mile front to the Myittha Valley. More than 200 Japs were killed in this sweep into Burma, bringing the total enemy destroyed by this force since last spring to nearly 2,000.

This march, about 60 miles as the bomber flies but more than 100 miles across country, took 16 days to accomplish.

The Myittha Valley was reached eight weeks ago but the brigade's forces swept on to the east. Falam, Chins and Lushai scouts pushed through the hills between the Myittha and the Chindwin Rivers and were the first British forces to cross the Chindwin. There they shot up rivercraft moving south with the retreating Japs.—A. P.

Big Allied Air Attack On Ramree

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

From 'A. P. I.' correspondent: One of the biggest air attacks of the Burma war was made against Ramree Island south of Akyab to-day.

From first light, wave after wave of heavy and medium bombers pounded shore defences on the island's north-west coast as the first step towards depriving the Japanese of the bastion, which protects Taungup, one of their main coastal supply bases.

Ramree, which is 45 miles by 15, slightly bigger than the Isle of Wight, is a dagger pointed at Taungup, 20 miles away. Supplies from Prome are staged at Taungup to Kyaukpyu port on Ramree island from where they are distributed through the western Burmese river system.—A. P.

Heavy Attack On Formosa

NEW YORK, Jan. 21: Formosa and the neighbouring island of Okinawa are to-day undergoing a heavy attack by carrier-borne aircraft, stated a Japanese News Agency report picked up here. Quoting the Japanese Army Headquarters on Formosa, the report said that 450 sorties were flown against the two islands up to the time of the announcement at 11 a.m G.M.T.—Reuter.

SECURITY PRISONERS IN ORISSA JAILS

CUTTACK, Jan. 21.

Mr. Rae Williams, Chief Secretary to the Orissa Government, said at the fortnightly Press Conference yesterday that there were still 65 security prisoners in Orissa jails.

He added that each individual case of the security prisoners was being examined from time to time on merit.

The Revenue Secretary informed the Pressmen that Government had so far distributed Rs. 7,73,366 for the relief of 37,287 Burma refugees including their dependents.

Mr. P. N. Mahanti, Under-Secretary to the Supply and Transport Department, revealed that the Government of Orissa had appointed an officer to be stationed at Bombay to help Orissa merchants in obtaining as much marketable textile goods as possible.—United Press.

LAHORE, Jan 21: Preliminary issues have been framed by a local Sub-Judge in a suit filed by Anjuman Khudmulwalla against the publishers of the "Satyarth Prakash", demanding the expunction of its fourteenth chapter relating to Islam.—United Press.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

KARACHI, Jan. 20

Mr. G. M Syed, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, has been interned for a period of three months in his native village Sann, by the Sind Government. As a result, Mr. Syed will be prevented from attending the Budget Session of the Sind Assembly as also working for the League candidate in the Tando Mohammad Khan bye-election to the Assembly.

Pir Rahim Shah, brother of Pir Pagaro, who was helping Mr. Syed's candidate has been similarly interned for two years in Sukkur.—United Press.

* * *

In a message to the "Daily Worker" of London, Mrs Naidu says: "All those who believe in the freedom of the world must mobilise world opinion to support India's fight for her freedom."

We strongly deprecate such incitements. They would gravely prejudice the war efforts of world democracies fighting against tyranny and autocracy.

* * *

"Wing-Commander Grant-Ferris urged that Indians, particularly in villages, attached great importance to a Royal Proclamation."

Please don't laugh. The only authority on Indian villages is that assorted collection of Grant-Ferris's from "home" and their civil and military counterparts who pass through villages on their way to a shoot even though they may be utter ignoramuses.

* * *

The Working Committee of the Hindu Mahasabha is reported to have instructed Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerji to withdraw his name from the Sapru Conciliation Committee.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru ought really to feel relieved.

* * *

MORRIS CAR EXPERTS LEAVING FOR INDIA

Founding Motor Industry Here

—Headlines.

Poor India!

* * *

Speaking in the Foreign Affairs debate in Parliament, Mr. Anthony Eden Asked, "Why should this country deny freedom to Greece, this country which fought because it believes in this very thing?"

Since Mr. Eden himself suggests the answer and, in fact, much more than that, we need do no more than thank him.

* * *

Defending Britain's Colonial policy Mr. Oliver Stanley pleads in America that Britain's presence alone prevents disintegration in the Colonial Empire and a descent from nascent nationhood into a turmoil of warring sects.

Therefore Britain must stay much against her will. You see it is a peculiar misfortune of Britain that wherever she is, there is the problem, sorry we mean, she has to deal with the problem of saving the country and people concerned from themselves.

* * *

A British publicist insists that the time has come for the "Big Three" to declare their own minds.

If they really did! Phew!

We do not even want to think of the super high explosives that will burst upon the world.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

No man ever shares the self-esteem of his neighbour.

* * *

Some men seek justice and some have it forced upon them.

* * *

Any community can endure a coward who is afraid to do wrong.

* * *

Love is stronger than hate and the onion is stronger than either.

* * *

Many a shrewd man has purchased a gold brick in the form of experience.

* * *

He who has everything he wants usually also has a job lot of things that he doesn't want.

BELGIAN KING TAKEN TO GODESBERG

BASLE, Jan. 21: ACCORDING TO A REPORT REACHING HERE, KING LEOPOLD OF THE BELGIANS HAS BEEN TAKEN TO GODESBERG.

Illicit Gains In France

LONDON, Jan. 21: The French Finance Minister, M. Rene Pleven announced that more than 630 million francs worth of French and foreign assets have been seized in the tiny state of Monaco during the French Government's check of illicit gains in France.—Reuter.

More Canadians In Britain

OTTAWA, Jan. 21: The arrival in Britain of more than 8,300 "zombies"—men of the Canadian Home Defence Army—has brought Canada's normal reinforcements programme fully up to the strength planned for overseas to date.—Reuter.

Two Men Burnt To Death

MUNSHIGANJ, (Dacca) Jan. 20: Two men, four bullocks and three milch cows were burnt to death when a cow-shed belonging to a Muslim cultivator in Joalong village caught fire on the night of January 18.—A. P.

INDIA'S FREEDOM IS KEYSTONE OF COLOURED PEOPLES' FREEDOM

If We Can Win It Non-Violently We Will Escape Double Horror Of Europe, Says Masani

KOLHAPUR, Jan. 21: The reconciliation of the rights of the individual with the rights of the State and the reconciliation of the rights of the States themselves—these promise to be the basic problems calling for solution during the rest of the 20th century, said Mr. M. R. Masani in his address at the "Founders' Day" observance of the Kolhapur Town Library. The Hon. Mr A. N. Mitchell, Prime Minister of the State, presided.

Mr. Masani said that while the outlook in the west was to drain India. Thanks to the absence of a highly developed industrialisation and the teachings of Mahatma Gandhi, there was still hope that the advance of totalitarianism might be checked. Adherence to non-violence and truth on the one hand and the decentralisation of economic progress, he added, were the moral and material instruments by which India may hope to escape the horrors into which Europe was relapsing as a result of over-mechanisation and repeated wars.

Indian freedom, he said, was the keystone of the freedom of coloured peoples. If it could be won without resort to the violence which was destroying Europe, it would be a contribution to the solution of both the basic problems which would face the second half of the century.—A. P.

MADRAS BAN ON FUNCTIONS OF "INDEPENDENCE DAY"

Police Commissioner's Order To Be In Force For Five Days

MADRAS, January 21.

Mr. R. Hume, Commissioner of Police, Madras, has issued an order under D. I. R. prohibiting people from participating or holding of public meetings, processions or assemblies in connection with the Independence Day celebrations in the city of Madras.

The order will be in force for five days between January 23 and January 27.

SAROJINI STRESSES NEED OF CONSTRUCTIVE WORK

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu to-day addressed an informal meeting of Madras Congress workers and members of the Tamil Nad Congress Sangham and stressed the need for concentrating of constructive programme.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu unveiled this morning a portrait of late Mr. S. Satyamurti at the Gokhale Hall before a large gathering Mr. M. Radhakrishna Pillai, Mayor of Madras, was in the chair.

Messages paying tributes to the memory of the late Mr. Satyamurti were received from Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Dr. Shyamaprasad Mukherjee, Mr. Devadas Gandhi, Mr. K M. Munshi and Sir S. Radhakrishnan.

Mrs. Naidu referred to Mr. Satyamurti's faith in office acceptance and said that at a time when it was an unpopular cause—almost a sacrilegious thing—he had the courage to proclaim that office acceptance was a right thing and pursuaded the Congress to come to power in eight provinces in the country.

Mrs. Naidu spoke appreciatively of the patriotism and great debating talents of Mr. Satyamurti.—A P.

Independence Day Programme For Patna

PATNA, Jan 20.—No meetings will be held and no processions will be taken out in Bihar during Independence Day observance this year, according to a statement issued by Mr. Satyanarain Sinha, M.L.A. (Central), General Secretary of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee containing instructions to Congressmen for the occasion.

There will also be no hoisting of Congress Flags "in any public place" but Congressmen are allowed to put on the 'emblem' of National Flag on person individually.

The Independence Pledge will be taken either individually or in the company of friends. Spinning is urged on that day."—A.P.

Ahmedabad "Independence Day" Programme

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 21.

Following Mahatma Gandhi's instructions received yesterday regarding the observance of the "Independence Day" local Congressmen, at an informal meeting held this afternoon, are understood to have decided to observe the day reading the Independence Pledge in full after giving due notice to the authorities. It is further understood that Flag salutation and prosecution of the constructive plan will be among other items of the programme.—U. P.

PHYSICAL CULTURE

Mr. Kher Stresses Its Importance

The 14th session of the All-Maharashtra Physical Culture Conference was held on Saturday at the Gowalia Tank Maidan, Mr. B. G. Kher ex-Prime Minister, presiding. Mr. Nagindas Master who inaugurated the Conference emphasized the importance of strength and endurance in the prosecution of the fight for national freedom.

The Chairman of the Reception Committee, Rao Bahadur Umakant Shrirang Desai, in his welcome speech traced the growth of the Conference and stated that more than three thousand young men and women were participating in the various body building activities carried on by the Parishad. Mr. Desai said that the Conference was also considering schemes for the development of national sports. He urged the need for having a public sports centre in Bombay and added that a fit physique was dependent upon a number of allied problems like proper sanitation, enlightened methods of maternity, nutritive food, psychology, etc.

Mr. B. G. Kher, in his presidential address, discussed a number of questions including the place of physical culture in education, development of indigenous sports, larger facilities of recreation grounds, birth control, etc He said that in all the villages and towns "Health and Beauty Homes" and "Keep Fit Classes" should be opened. Necessary legislation should be enacted to require the local self-government institutions to encourage physical culture. Various fairs and festivals should be utilised to hold physical culture matches and a Health and Physical Culture Day should be observed all over the country.

Certificates were distributed to the winners in the various competitions arranged by the Parishad.

Messages wishing success to the Conference were received from Raja of Jamakhandi, Dr. M. R. Jayakar Mr. G. V. Mavlankar and others.

CONCILIATION TALKS AT LAHORE

Sapru Meets Nationalist Punjab Muslims

LAHORE, Jan 21:

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and the other members of the Conciliation Committee had a three-hour conference to-day with a number of independent and nationalist Muslims Among those who took part in the discussion were: Maulana Mohmmad Daood Ghaznavi, Babu Mohammad Din, Mr. Abdul Qaiyum of Lyllpur, Prof. Abdul Majid Khan, Syed Habib, Khwaja Fazal Din and Sheikh Mohammad Hayat.

The Committee members had a talk also with some Ahrar leaders.

On the conclusion of his three-day visit to Lahore, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, in an interview said: "I have ment Hindu, Sikh and Muslim leaders of the non-Muslim League Parties, one or two Muslim Unionist members, and a number of Scheduled Caste leaders. I have had very free and frank talks with them. Many of them have promised to send memoranda containing their views and suggestions."

In the evening Lala Bhim Sen Sachar, leader of the Punjab Assembly Congress Party, entertained Sir Tej and the members of the Committee to tea A number of Congress M.L.A.'s and Congress leaders of the province were present. Nationalist Muslim leaders were also present.

Representatives of the Sikh Youth League, led by Sardar Durlab Singh, also met Sir Tej to-day.

Sir Tej left this evening for Lucknow 'en route' to Allahabad.—A. P.

Sapru To Carry On Despite Mahasabha Decision

LAHORE, Jan. 21

"I will continue my work inspite of the Hindu Mahasabha's decision to withdraw Dr. Shaym Prasad Mookerji from the Conciliation Committee, declared Sir T. B. Sapru commenting on the report of the Mahasabha decision. He further said that Dr. Mookerji was not even a member of the committee and therefore his resignation question did not arise.

Khaksar Chief On Talks With Sapru

LAHORE, Jan. 21.

Allama Mashriqui, the Khaksar leader, in a statement says:—"The conversation with Sir Tej was most cordial and he has promised help in the task of the Khaksar organisation to frame the future constitution as much as possible. I have every reason to believe that the constitution will be ready by March, at the utmost by April, but if Mahatma Gandhi and Qaid-i-Azam unfortunately do not come to terms I shall present the agreed constitution to the British Government. In a negotiable form soon after that date."—A. P

PROF. RANGA ON CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAMME

MASULIPATAM, Jan. 20: The Andhra Provincial Students' Congress held its first session this evening under the presidentship of Prof N. G. Ranga. Earlier the president-elect was taken in a procession.

Mr. V. Amprasada Rao Joint Secretary of the All-India Students' Congress, hoisted the students National Flag. He called upon students to rally under the banner of the Congress and work its constructive programme.

Mrs. Rukmani Lakshmipathi, Deputy Speaker of the Madras Legislative Assembly, opening the session recounted the political events in the country from the Cripps Mission to the failure of the Gandhi-Jinnah talks and said that to remove the feeling of despondency and frustration among the people Mahatma Gandhi had come out with a new constructive programme. She asked the students to take up such items of the programme as could be easily worked by them.

On the question of admission of Communists into Congress Samities, she said that so long as the Communists maintained double loyalty there was no place for them in Congress organisations.

The should selflessly work for the country having faith in Mahatma Gandhi.

Mr. K. Krishna Reddi, Chairman of the Reception Committee welcoming the President Mr. Ranga said that the Students' Congress was behind the Indian National Congress.

Prof Ranga then delivered his Presidential address. Explaining in detail the various items of the Constructive Programme Prof. Ranga said they were more revolutionary in spirit and more socialistic and realistic than what the Communists thought.—A. P.

Problems Of Poland

Govt. In London For Resumption Of Immediate Negotiations With Russia?

LONDON, Jan. 20.

A memorandum declaring the willingness of the Polish Government in London to resume immediate negotiations with Russia will be submitted to British and American Governments tomorrow, writes a special correspondent in the "Observer" today.

He adds that for some time, despatches from Polish underground—which he has read—have expressed grave concern and anxiety over the passive and purely negative attitude of the present Polish Government towards this matter. The Polish Prime Minister M. Arcisedewski will, he says, "propose that problems of internal regime in Poland and guarantees of Poland's independence should be discussed first and frontier settlements approached next. He has however made it understood that in exchange for recognition by Russia, his Government would be prepared to make great though undefined 'territorial sacrifices'."

The correspondent says the underground dispatches contained among other things the following points:

The settlement should be the result of mutual compromise:

Concessions should be made to the Russian view more far-reaching than those embodied in the Mikolajczyk memorandum of last autumn (suggesting a temporary frontier east of the Curzon Line) and Government should try to secure a more favourable frontier than the Curzon line, but is allowed a free hand under the present diplomatic conditions.

The correspondent concludes: "These proposals come too late in the day. Many observers believe the gesture is made with the not unfounded hope that it will not be reciprocated by the Russians and its sole purpose is to fend off Polish as well as Allied criticisms."—Reuter.

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 21: Three boys were drowned as a result of the capsizing of a country boat in the river Narbuda, ten miles from Broach, says a massage received here.—United Press.

Jamiat-ul-Ulema Demands Independence

Moulvi Mahomed Tyeb On Evils Of Political Slavery

A strong plea for the complete independence of India was made by Moulana Qari Hafiz Mohamed Tayeb Saheb who presided over the Bombay Provincial Jamiat-ul-Ulema Conference on Saturday night.

Continuing his speech he said that the conquered conquest of a nation always led to the run of the economic life, education, prestige and good neighbourly relations between the communities comprising the conquered people. British domination was responsible for the economic educational backwardness of India and it had also had a demoralising effect on Muslim social and economic life and organisation. He quoted Hunter to prove that the British were responsible for the loss of Muslim power and prestige within 50 years of the establishment of their rule. The Moulana stressed that complete Independence alone would remedy this state of affairs, and bring the different communities in the country together.

A resolution stating that it was essential that Muslim children should be protected from the detrimental influence of the Western system of education was passed at Saturday's sitting of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema Conference, at Chota Kabrastan, Bombay.

The resolution further stated that for this purpose it was necessary that an Islamic Academy should be started in the city of Bombay which would impart real Islamic education to the juvenile Muslim population of the city. The resolution expressed satisfaction that under the auspices of the Jamiat some Mosques in the city had started imparting Islamic instruction. The resolution appealed to the Trustees of those Mosques which had not done this to do so without delay.

Another important resolution that was adopted at the Conference today condemned the attitude of the Bombay Municipal Administration for not imparting Islamic religious instruction (Deenyat) to Muslim students in Municipal Urdu Schools. The resolution urged that the Municipal authorities should introduce this much belated measure immediately.

A resolution condoling the deaths of Moulana Ashrafali Thanavi, Saheb-e-Chirag of Muslim India, Moulana Mohamed Ilias of Delhi and Moulvi Syed Azgar Hussein of Deoband, was passed.

The main resolution adopted tonight claimed Urdu to be the linguafranca of India. The resolution stated that Urdu was widely spoken in India and it was absurd to say that the language was a Muslim or Islamic language. The meeting was also of the opinion that the popularity of the Urdu language extended to 99% of the inhabitants of this country. The meeting also condemned the attitude of some Hindu institutions, certain individuals and a section of the Press in particular, who, it alleged, were making every possible effort to crush the Urdu language. Urdu was the only national language of India, added the resolution.

A resolution criticising the attitude of the British Government in Palestine with regard to the grievances of the Arabs was also adopted.

A Plea For Shariat Courts For Muslims

When the proceedings of the Bombay Provincial Jamiat-ul-Ulema Conference were resumed on Sunday night the following resolutions were adopted:—

One of the resolutions stressed the need for the Indian Muslims to exert for the complete Independence of India and for the establishment of an Islamic mode of Government. Further it deplored the present tendency of politicians of diverting Indian Muslims' attention from true Islamic Governmental tenets to materialistic conceptions like Capitalism, Communism, etc.

The second resolution drew the attention of the Government and the trustees of the various Bombay Muslim Trusts towards the need of making the governing bodies of those trusts, far more representative of the Muslims through the necessary modification of the present "Wakf Act."

The third resolution deplored the present deterioration and degeneration of the Muslim morals through free indulgence in wine and other vices. It drew the attention of the Government of their duties towards the improvement of the moral conditions of the Muslims.

SHARIAT COURTS

Another resolution urged the establishment of the Sharia Courts (functioning under Muslim Law) for deciding cases coming under 'Sharia.' The last resolution asked the Nawab of Janjira and Habshan to redress the grievances of the people of his state, and, specially, to investigate into the alleged wrongs done by the Inamdar Idross.

Moulana Habib-ul-Rehman Saheb Azmi, presided at Sunday's sitting.

The conference will meet again to night when Moulvi Mahomed Tyeb will address it.

TACKLING GERMAN V-TWO ATTACKS

(From Reuter's Special Correspondent with British Forces on the Western Front Saturday night):

The weight of the tactical airforce was thrown today into operations designed to slacken German V-2 attacks on Britain.

It was the first time that a concentrated effort had been made against V-Twos. Through skies laden with snow clouds and with ice caking on their wings, "Typhoons" attacked railway centres, through which rockets are moved from Germany to the Hague area of Holland where they are launched against England.

The trains, believed to be carrying rockets to Hague were blasted wherever they could be found. Railway lines running from Germany to Hague were cut in 16 places. Despite the speed with which the breaks can be repaired it is safe to say that no trains will get through to the rocket coast for at least 24 hours.—Reuter.

Turkey's "Offer" To Allies

Ambassador In Paris Denies Report

PARIS, Jan. 20.

From Reuter's special correspondent.

American reports stated to emanate from Paris that Turkey had "offered the Allies to declare war against Germany" find no confirmation in any responsible quarter here official or otherwise.

Numan Nemencioglu, the Turkish Ambassador and former Foreign Minister, told me today, "the report is completely without foundation."

In diplomatic quarters the story is regarded as incredible, if only because of the unlikelihood of Turkey taking the initiative in such a matter.—Reuter.

NEW CONSTITUTION FOR MALTA

National Assembly Elects Former President

VALETTA, MALTA, Jan. 20.

The National Assembly of Malta met today to discuss the form of the new constitution for the Island.

The assembly, which represents various sections of the community, including the clergy, the professions, the trade unions and the Press, elected a former president of the Senate, Professor Contino Preziosi as President.

The Governor of Malta, Lieut-General Sir Edmond Schreiber, in a message to the Assembly said, he trusted the delegates, realised that promptness of the grant of self-government depended entirely on the Maltese themselves.

Sense of responsibility and ability to govern the country shown by the Assembly would go far towards assuring a quick grant of self-govt.—Reuter.

Easing "Mind Of Mikado"

Jap Premier's Plea For More Production As "War Situation Is Gravest"

LONDON, Jan. 21: The Japanese News Agency reports that Gen. Kuniako Koiso, Japanese Prime Minister addressing the Japanese Imperial Diet today stated: "The war situation is developing rapidly. Today our country is faced with the gravest situation since the outbreak of the war in Greater East Asia. With the American landing on the island of Luzon, a serious situation has been created. The enemy has begun to make air raids on our capital and other important cities in our homeland Military developments in the Pacific theatre are in a state which does not necessarily permit optimism. But the supply lines of the enemy are greatly extended on all fronts and are exposed to our attacks. In this fact I believe is to be found our golden opportunity to grasp victory.

"We must steadfastly uphold our imperial policy and by overcoming any hardships or difficulties do our utmost to increase our fighting power and defend our soil, thus speedily attaining our aim in this sacred war and thereby easing the mind of His Imperial Majesty.

MORE PRODUCTION

Now indeed is the time for us hundred million Japanese to demonstrate the spirit of sure victory in the field of production."

Speaking of precautions against air raids, Koiso added that the Government was considering speedy dispersion of munitions factories and removal facilities underground to ensure that nothing would obstruct production. Even more forceful dispersal of people and buildings from large cities would be carried out. Fighting men were strongly asking for great expansion of production of superior aircraft. The Government was determined to increase the production of steel, light metals and liquid fuel and mobilise all scientific and technical powers to improve the weapons. Complete conversion of labour and materials to the war effort and further readjustments in industrial enterprises were being considered.—Reuter.

JAP GIRLS FOR WAR WORK

LONDON: A Tokyo despatch to the German Overseas News Agency today says that under the new total mobilisation decree every fit Japanese subject must in future be engaged only on war work. "This also applies to women and girls who will be directed for work suitable to their age and health", the message adds.

General Koiso declared: "All of us, both the Government and the public, must squarely face the seriousness of the present situation. The present war is a struggle of life or death."

Referring to the Allied terms of unconditional surrender, General Koiso said: "Such day dreams are nothing more than a laughing matter."—Reuter.

"CREATE ORGANIC UNITY FOR FREE INDIA"

Mrs. Naidu On Task Before Youths

MADRAS, Jan. 21.

"We must learn lessons of solidarity and ideals of freedom, be it from Russia, China or England. We must develop an international vision. We cannot afford to have merely a national or racial definition of freedom. Isolation will not lead us to freedom. We must have effective affiliations with the progressive countries of the world. This is my mandate to you", observed Mrs. Sarojini Naidu addressing last evening a mammoth gathering of students of Madras on the Hindi Prachar Sabha Grounds. Mr. V. V. Giri, ex-Minister presided.

Mrs. Naidu added: "Youths must not allow their organisations to be exploited by any political party, not even by the Congress. Youths organisations must not be tied up to any political organisations or parties. They must work out programmes and adopt policies, congenial to the growth of the nation. Youths must create organic unity among men and men, women and women in the land which would stand any trials and tribulations and must shine as creators of a new India".—A. P.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

MONDAY, Jan. 22.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1.231 kc/s)—8-0 a.m. News (H). 8-15 News (E). 8-30 Venubai Devasthali. 8-45 Tarana Jaunpuri. 8-50 News (M). 9-0 News (G). 9-10 To-morrow. 9-15 Sardar Mansur. 9-30 Marathi Songs. 9-45 Instr. Quartest. 12-30 p.m. Geet. 12-45 News (M). 12-50 News (G). 12-55 News (H). 1-0 For Women (H). 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music. 2-30 Inter-Varsity Cricket Final (3). 4-20 School Broadcast. 5-0 Inter-Varsity Cricket Final (Contd.). 5-45 Topical Talk. 5-55 Locals 6-0 At Six (G). 6-30 News (E). 6-40 News (H). 6-45 News Commentary. 6-50 Gulab V. Anaokar. 7-0 Sargent Plan (G). 7-15 Sardar Mansur. 7-30 Venubai Devasthali. 7-45 Music from the Film. 8-0 S. V. Mantri. 8-15 News (M). 8-30 News (G). 8-45 To Good to be True. 9-0 News (H). 9-20 News (E). 9-30. B. B. C. News Relay. 9-45 Sports Review. 10-0 Venubai Devasthali. 10-15 Sardar Mansur. 10-30 Shyam Sardesai.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21: Dr. H. C Weight, Judicial Secretary to the Government of Bengal, is proceeding to Bombay for personal discussion with the Bombay Government on debt legislation in general and provisions of the Bengal Money-lenders' Act relating to promisory notes in particular, which were declared 'ultravires' by the Federal Court.—United Press.

CONGRESS CAN'T BARTER AWAY RIGHTS OF HINDUS

Mukherji On Bhulabhai's Reported Move For Pact With League

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21: The fundamental difference between the Congress and the Hindu Mahasabha was explained by Dr. Syama Prosad Mukherji, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, at a Press Conference today.

Mr. Mukherji said: "The resolutions adopted at the Bilaspur session of the Hindu Mahasabha on the Indian political situation and the future constitution are of a far reaching character and their significance requires to be explained to all sections of the people. The stand of the Hindu Mahasabha is wholly consistent with our national welfare and advancement and gives the fullest scope to all classes and sections of the people to develop themselves according to their just rights and potentialities. We stand for one united and undivided India and there can be no compromise on this issue. We recognise that the Provincial boundaries may have to be readjusted on cultural and linguistic basis but there must be a Central Government in India having paramount powers. That Government will be the residuary legatee in the constitution.

DRAFT CONSTITUTION

Referring to the draft constitution Dr. Mukherji said: "The Hindu Mahasabha does not stand for any narrow communal and sectarian advantages. We envisage a Free India where the rights of man and the right of citizenship will be fully respected and protected and citizenship will not be dependent on the practice of profession of any particular religion. The constitution will be based on adult suffrage—one man one vote—and joint electorate. There may be reservation of seats, if minorities so desire it, but it should be on population basis. Further the constitution shall guarantee the protection of religious and cultural rights of all including the minorities."

"I ask our critics to analyse any constitution in the world and they will be satisfied that the constitution we have outlined, is based on the truest principle of democracy and freedom. "We have not shirked the economic issue and the fundamental right of a free Indian citizen have been fully guaranteed in the constitution. Ours is not a Utopian scheme. We have recognised the existence of the minorities problem in India and we have provided adequate safeguards for their religion, language and culture."

CONGRESS CAN'T DO IT

Explaining his difference with the Congress, the Mahasabha President said: "Our fundamental difference with the Congress is that we refuse to surrender on the basic principle of India's integrity nor do we subscribe to pandering to intransigent communalism. We must have the courage to face stern reality that the Congress policy of appeasement has merely widened the breach between Hindus and Muslims, has weakened the national resistance and has gravely jeopardised the legitimate rights of Hindus as such.

The C. R. formula though powerfully backed by Gandhiji failed to produce any result as it was nothing but a compromise with an untruth.

"We hear again of a move for a fresh Congress-League settlement through the efforts of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, though the detailed plans are not officially known to us. Let me say this unhesitatingly that the Hindu-Muslim problem will never be solved by the spokesmen of the Congress bartering away the rights of the Hindus and agreeing to increased percentage of representation to the Muslim League in the Central and Provincial Governments either on a higher basis than their population justifies or on a scale higher than what Muslims are entitled to even under the present constitution. Hindu-Muslim settlement can only be achieved by Hindus and Muslims as such and not between a party swayed by communal passions alone bitterly oblivious of the country's welfare and another that owes it strength and popularity to Hindu support but openly declares that it does not represent the Hindu community.

"FAIR BASIS OF SETTLEMENT"

"We have offered a just and fair basis for a political settlement between Hindus and Muslims. If Hindu opinion is correctly and widely mobilized, there will be no occasion for any non-Muslim organisation to run after the Muslim League for a temporary and patched up solution, the Muslim community is bound to discover the folly and unwisdom of its own leaders and come to an agreement with the Hindus on a just and equitable basis.

It is clear today that British Government will not easily part with power in India. Our goal is complete Independence of India. The present constitution stands suspended in the majority of Indian Provinces and the Executive Government at the Centre owes no responsibility to any elected Legislature.—

SUPPORT TO RAJAJI'S SUGGESTION

Welcoming Mr. Rajagopalachari's suggestion of the implementation of Federal Scheme he said: "Although we have differed fundamentally from Mr. Rajagopalachari I welcome his latest suggestion that the Federation scheme under the Government of India Act of 1935 should be brought into action immediately. Let me state here unequivocally that this cannot be an end in itself. India's right of complete political liberty is irresistible and must be achieved at any cost, but it is of fundamental importance to recognise that the present Fascist-cum-beaurocratic regime in India must cease as soon as possible and also the present constitution must not be allowed to function only to keep the Muslim League in power in some parts of India, acting detrimentally to interests of Hindus and to the national cause itself. Our demand is that constitutional Government should function in India even in a restricted manner as envisaged in the Government of India Act 1935, but only as a first step towards the fuller advance for achieving full Indian freedom.

TEST FOR BRITAIN

"Let the present Legislature in the Centre and in the Provinces be disolved and on the basis newly elected Legislatures the entire constitution embodied in the Government of India Act 1935 function in the Centre and in the Provinces as a preliminary step for framing the constitution of a Free India. We put the British Government to this acid test and let us see how they respond."—A. P.

MAHASABHA MISSION TO GO ABROAD

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

The Working Committee of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha which again met here to-day, decided to send a delegation to Great Britain, U. S A. U. S. S. R. and China to "counteract the anti-Hindu and anti-Indian propaganda carried on in England, America and other countries and to educate public opinion in the said countries on right lines with special reference to the idiology of the Hindu Mahasabha". The president was authorised to nominate the personnel of the delegation.

The Committee reviewed the present political situation and reiterated that there could be "no Hindu-Muslim settlement in Hindusthan without reference to and without the consent of the Hindu Mahasabha and that the Mahasabha is the only representative organisation competent to speak on behalf of the Hindus and to safeguard their rights and interests.

The resolution, "inter alia", says: This Working Committee views with great concern the attempts that are being made in some quarters for the appeasement of the Muslim League by the surrender of the just rights and interests of the Hindus. The Hindus will not accept any composite Government which will give undue weightage or disapproportionate strength to the Muslims or other minorities in excess of what their proportion justify".

The Working Committee demands dissolution of the present Legislatures both in the Provinces and at the Centre which have long out-lived their terms and have ceased to be representative of public opinion in the country. The Committee demands the election of fresh Legislatures and the formation of representative Governments at the Centre and in the Provinces and urges steps to be taken for convening a Constituent Assembly for framing the constitution of "Free Hindusthan".—A P.

IMPORTANT SUBJECTS BEFORE I. C. C. C.

The next meeting of the Indian Central Cotton Committee will be held in Bombay from the 22nd to the 27th instant.

The most inportant subject which will receive the attention of the Committee is the part which cotton should play in the planning of agricultural production in the next few years. In this connection, the Committee will consider the recommendations of a Special Sub-Committee which was appointed to examine this subject. This Sub-Committee which met in November last recommended "inter alia" that an All-India cotton production target should be prepared after taking into account such factors as the paramount necessity of producing more food-grains, the nature and extent of the present demands for cotton for internal consumption and export, the probable requirements of the immediate future and the existing large surplus stocks of certain styles. It accordingly proposed that on the basis of the 1942-43 All-India cotton acreage of some 19 million acres, a reduction should be effected of about 2 million acres of which 2 millions should be in the short staple class and about one million in the low grade medium class. In view of the importance of the matter, Provincial Governments and States were addressed in accordance with the recommendations of the Sub-Committee. The replies indicate a large measure of agreement by the Governments concerned with the recommendations and in some cases effect has already been given to them. In the light of the replies received the further action to be taken in the matter will be considered by the Committee.

EXPORT SUBSIDY.

Three resolutions are proposed to be moved, one suggesting that Indian cotton should be treated on equality with other cottons in the matter of the grant of premium and that this should be based on specifications for yarn or cloth and be independent of the origin of the cotton. The second resolution recommends, in view of the acute cloth and yarn position of the country, that arrangements should be made for the early import of new or reconditioned machinery from America or the U. K., and that to enable Indian mills to buy and set up such machinery, certain concessions in the matter of taxation should be given to them. The third resolution suggests the formulation of a scheme for subsidising exports of Indian cotton after the war.

The Committee will also consider the position arising from the proposed grant of subsidy for exports of American cotton and its probable effects on the Indian cotton situation.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 12th January, 1945:—

LIABILITIES.

CAPITAL Rs 5,62,50,000; Reserve Fund Rs. 5,92,50,000; Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts Rs. 228,72,88,000; Sundries Rs. 3,48,32,000. Total Rs. 243,76,20,000.

ASSETS.

INVESTMENTS:—Government Securities Rs. 141,72,74,000; Other Authorised Investments Rs. 3,99,38,000; ADVANCES:—Loans Rs. 45,23,51,000; Cash Credits and Overdrafts Rs. 45,15,47,000; Bills Discounted and Purchased Rs. 4,88,72,000; Dead Stock Rs. 1,66,33,000; Sundries Rs 1,63,98,000; CASH:—In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India Rs. 26,50,93,000; Balances with other Banks Rs. 1,45,14,000. Total Rs. 243,76,20,000.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Jan. 20.

March 22.01, May 21.84, July 21.81, Middling Spot 22.31.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Jan. 20.

March 22.02, May 21.88, July 21.85 Middling Spot 21.45

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Jan. 20.

T. T. London on

New York sellers 4.02-1/2, buyers 4.03-1/2. Madrid official 44.00, Montreal sellers 4.43, buyers 4.47. Zurich sellers 17.3, buyers 17.4. Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.96.

New York, Jan. 20.

New York cotton opening July 21.61

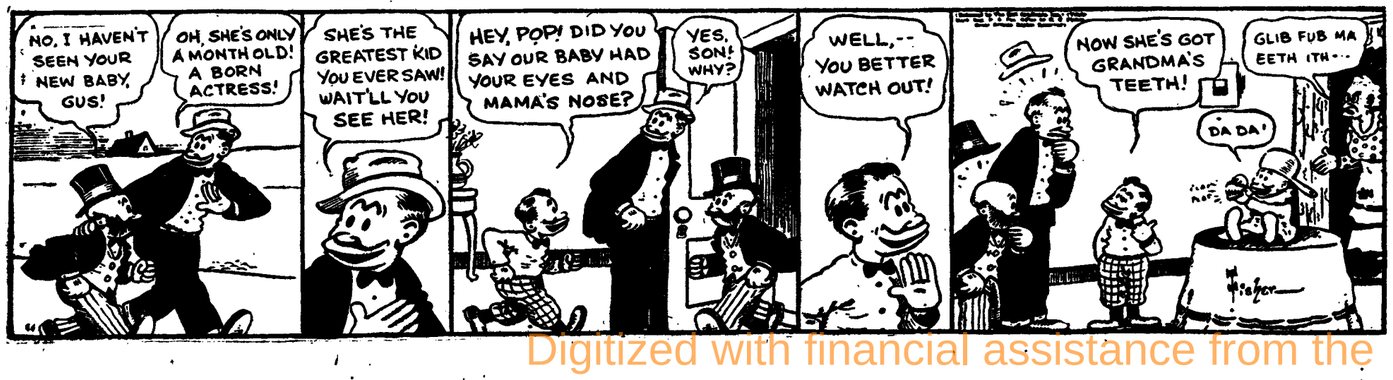
T. T. New York on London previous closing 4.02.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Jan. 20.

T. T. London on New York opening and closing sellers 4.02-1/2, buyers 4.03-1/2.

MUTT AND JEFF—And belie ve me Grandma must have said a mouthful by Proxy — By BUD FISHER


NO, I HAVEN'T SEEN YOUR NEW BABY, GUS!
OH, SHE'S ONLY A MONTH OLD! A BORN ACTRESS!
SHE'S THE GREATEST KID YOU EVER SAW! WAIT'LL YOU SEE HER!
HEY, POP! DID YOU SAY OUR BABY HAD YOUR EYES AND MAMA'S NOSE?
YES, SON! WHY?
WELL,-- YOU BETTER WATCH OUT!
NOW SHE'S GOT GRANDMA'S TEETH!
GLIB FUB MA EETH ITH---
DA DA!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Young Hindu Doctor in service invites correspondence from ladies with matrimonial views. No caste, province restrictions. Apply Box No. 7085, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately qualified and experienced stenographer. Initial pay Rs. 90/- or Rs. 100/- according to qualifications, in scale of Rs. 90-5-150. Dearness allowance Rs. 18/- p.m. and also house rent allowance at rates admissible. Preference will be given to suitable Muslim and Scheduled caste candidates. Apply in person with application, testimonials, etc., to the Administrative Officer, Information Films of India, 74-84, Tardeo Road Bombay 7.

1842

Wanted an expert to erect and afterwards supervise a tentons vegetable ghee plant. Men with real & exceptional qualifications need apply to Box No. 1840, "Bombay Chronicle."

1840

Wanted Teachers for Chalthan (Dt. Surat), Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Delhi, Cawnpore, Jharia, Calcutta and East Africa. Trained graduates preferred. Apply, President Home School, Bhavnagar giving details of qualifications and requirements.

7098

Wanted youths under 25 for office work. Gradu. Rs. 85. Mat. Rs. 75 start, with prospects. Little Gujarati knowledge preferred. Box No. 7105 "Bombay Chronicle."

Educated young men having self-confidence, now employed in war-time temporary works but intending to make Insurance as career after war, may be helped by The Metropolitan Insurance Co., Ltd., with salaried previleges to serve now as part-time field-workers to grow into qualified whole-timers after war. Apply or personally see the Branch Secretary at 371, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

7096

Wanted an Experienced Short-hand Typist a Managing Clerk and a General Clerk knowing typing, for a Solicitors Office. Those with qualifications preferred. Apply Box No. 7095 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced Fitters, Tool-makers, Jigmakers and Gauge-makers. Pay according to ability. Apply in person to Engineer, Tool Department, Bombay Telephone Workshops, Agripada Bombay 11.

1817

Wanted—Experienced Compositors, those who have worked in a Daily Newspaper. Apply with certificates to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle" between 2 & 4 p. m.

SITUATIONS WANTED

Young Highly Experienced Personal/office Assistant worked extensively British Firms—Excellent references—wide organising administrative ability — open—opportunity. Big Industrialist/Business House. Please apply sharp Box No. 7107 "Bombay Chronicle."

NURSES & SISTERS

Qualified Nurses and Midwives available day and night. Relief Association, Phone No. 34479.

7103

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Danton 12 hours Shorthand. Only 6 Easy Lessons. Details Free:—Danton Shorthand School, (St. Albans) Post Box 43 Delhi.

1599

MEDICAL ADLETS

Peptonol—An invaluable remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Flatulence. An Esty Brand product. Tablets Limited—Madras. Bombay Office: 11, Western India House Sir P. M. Road, Bombay.

1648

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For Sale—One of the largest running Soap Factories of U. P., widely reputed and equipped with modern washing and toilet plants. Correspond with Box No. 1799, "Bombay Chronicle."

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Officer in permanent service drawing 700 requires loan of 4,000 repayable within three years. Interest not exceeding eight per cent. annum adjustable quarterly. Other details personally discussed. Please Write Box No. 7112, "Bombay Chronicle."

7112

Advertiser willing to finance upto Rs. 1,00,000/- on interest basis only on any Government contract work, including building construction tents, clothing, machine tools, etc. All inquiries treated most confidentially. Please apply with full details to Box No. 7110, "Bombay Chronicle."

PROPERTIES WANTED

Wanted a vast vacant land, preferably near Railway Station on G. I. P., or B. B. & C. I. lines within 15 to 20 miles from Bombay, proprietors to write to Box No. 7108 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted vacant land any measurement in or about the area from Lower Parel to Worli proprietors to write to Box No. 7109, "Bombay Chronicle."

PROPERTY FOR SALE

For Sale—Suitable plots for erecting bungalows, hotels and shops at Amboli hill station (elevation 2200 ft. above sea level) in the Sawantwadi State. For further details write to—The State Engineer, Sawantwadi.

1841

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE NEW KAISER-I-HIND SPG. & WVG. CO., LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that as per Resolution passed at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 20th January 1945, an 'Ad-Interim' Dividend at Rs. 60 per share for the half-year ended 30th September 1944, will be paid at the Registered office of the Company, Mubarak Manzil, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay on and after 6th February, 1945 to those shareholders whose names stand on 30th January, 1945 on the Register of the Company.

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 30th January 1945 to 2nd February 1945 both days inclusive.

Dividend warrants will be posted to the Registered addresses of the shareholders.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
HARILAL ODHAVJEE GANDHI.
Secretary.

Bombay, 20th January 1945.

1843

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Pol. No. 55672 issued by the Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society, Ltd., on the life of late Mr. Jaswantlal Dasarathlal Mehta who died on 9-10-44 at Kapadwanj is reported to be stolen, mislaid, or lost. Any person having any interest whatsoever, in the above mentioned policy should communicate immediately to the Society's Heade Office. If no objection, with relative proof, is filed with the undersigned, within one month of this date, the claim of the assignee Smt. Suman widow of late Mr. Jaswantlal Dasarathlal Mehta will be taken up, for consideration and the payment will be made to her.

For Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society Ltd.
T. C. KAPUR,
Manager.

Dated, 19-1-45.
Bombay Mutual Bldg.,
Hornby Road, Fort Bombay.

1845

EARN WHILE YOU LEARN BE TRAINED AS A QUALIFIED DRAUGHTSMAN OR SURVEYOR

YOUNG MEN up to matriculate standard wanted for training as Draughtsmen and Surveyors.

Selected candidates will be trained at Civil Centre for about 8 months

Pay during training 63 P.M.

Starting pay after completing training and passing Trade Test Rs. 78 P.M.

*With free food, accommodation, clothing, etc.

This is a splendid opportunity for educated youths with ambition to learn an important and very useful profession

Young boys of the age of 16-1/2 years who have studied up to Matriculation will be accepted for training and will not be liable for Field Service till the completion of 18 years of age.

Apply at once to:—

THE TECHNICAL RECRUITING OFFICER,

Staunton Road, Poona.
Dhobi Talao (North), Bombay.
Punch Kuva, Ahmedabad.
Bungalow No. 39, Camp Belgaum.
Military Barracks, Khandwa (C P.)

1753

NOTICE
UJJAIN SINGHAST FAIR
BANNED

IN THE INTEREST of the intending pilgrims it is hereby announced that considering the shortage of foodstuffs and difficulties in transport due to wartime Gwalior Government has banned the holding of the Singhast Fair, Ujjain, the first and second phases of which were to take place from September to November this year and from March to June 1945 respectively.

161

WANTED

STOREMEN CLERKS and RECORD CLERKS with previous experience for the Bombay Civil Labour Units (Home Service) must be physically fit and between the ages of 18 and 45 years.

TERMS OF SERVICE:—

Anywhere in India for one year or the duration of the War, whichever is less.

PAY:—

60-5-75 per month with free accommodation, food, clothing and Medical attention.

Apply in person with testimonials in original and character to the:—

SUPERINTENDENT,
Labour Supply Depot,
Wagle-wadi Estate Mile 21-1,
Bombay Agra Road
(near Thana)

1813

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Carved Book Shelves Rs. 8/-; Caskets Rs. 10/-; Fluid Tankards Rs. 13/- Table Lamp Stands Rs. 6/8; Service Trays Rs. 7/8 each. V. P. Postage paid. Newman's Fruit Mart, Srinagar, Kashmir.

7093

Kashmir Honey Pure 2 Lbs. tin Rs. 4|12; Soft Shell Almonds or Spanish Chestnuts 3 Lbs. Rs. 7|-V.P.Postage paid. Newman's Fruit Mart, Srinagar, Kashmir.

(7093)

We buy and sell Government Securities and shares of all descriptions. All facilities offered to clients. Market report and suggestions supplied free. Analysis of investment holdings and suggestion for revision also given. City Investment Corporation Ltd., 7, Swallow Lane, Calcutta.

1764

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
BEVIN TRAINING SCHEME XIII BATCH

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED before 5-2-45 from persons prepared to volunteer for training under the above scheme. Qualifications:—

1. Must belong to or be employed in Bombay Presidency.
2. Above 18 years of age.
3. Healthy and without a previous history of tuberculosis.
4. Should be able to read, write and speak English.
5. Must have at LEAST THREE YEARS' PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE in an engineering workshop in a METAL TRADE.

Applications are also invited from persons with Aircraft and Automobile experience for training in Aero engines. As no training will be given in Airframes, persons with airframe experience should not apply. They are subject to the conditions mentioned in para 1, but 3 years' limit regarding experience may be relaxed in suitable cases. Persons employed in Aircraft factories MUST apply through their employers.

Applications are particularly invited from Muslim and Scheduled castes candidates. Employers are requested to encourage suitable candidates to apply.

Apprentices and Portuguese subjects should not apply. Ex-Portuguese subjects should attach a true copy of their domicile or naturalisation certificate along with their applications.

The Government of India have also decided to include in the above scheme some ex-trainees from the Technical Training Scheme of the Labour Department. Applications are therefore invited from ex-trainees having the following qualifications:—

(a) Should have passed Grade III trade-test in a metal trade;
(b) Should have subsequent to (a) completed at least one year in a private workshop;
(c) Should know English sufficiently well to understand and make themselves understood.
(d) Should at present be resident in Bombay Province.

Ex-trainees now serving in Ordnance Factories should NOT apply, as different arrangements are made for their selection.

For full particulars and application forms apply to the Chairman, National Service Labour Tribunal, Hassan Chambers, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

1833

DIRECTORATE OF INFORMATION
GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

APPLICATIONS on prescribed form are invited for the Temporary posts of Programme Assistants in the Rural Broadcasting Section.

(PAY Rs. 175-10-235-15|2-250).

QUALIFICATIONS:—The candidate should possess a Bachelor's degree in Arts or Agriculture of a recognised University, though this may be relaxed in special cases. Candidates must possess sufficient knowledge of rural conditions and some experience of literary or dramatic work in Marathi and|or Gujerati and|or music. Good cultural background and efficiency in the art of presentation and production is necessary besides the ability to carry on a certain amount of administrative work. Age limit is 30 years which may be relaxed in special cases.

Application forms may be obtained free from the Director of Information, J. J. School of Art Building, Bombay and should be returned to him duly filled so as to reach him not later than the 10th February, 1945.

1806

WANTED

(a) Supervisors, (b) and Assistant Supervisors for the Bombay Civil Labour Units (Home Service). Candidates must be physically fit and between 18 and 45 years of age. Previous experience in handling labour and a knowledge of English and local dialects essential.

TERMS OF SERVICE:—

Anywhere in India for one year or the duration of the war whichever is shorter.

PAY:—

(a) 90-10-120|- per month.
(b) 60-5-75|- per month

With free accommodation, food, clothing and Medical attention.

Apply in person with testimonials in original and character to the:—

SUPERINTENDENT,
Labour Supply Depot,
Wagle-wadi Estate Mile 21-1,
Bombay Agra Road
(near Thana)

1812

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED from Local Contractors for handling Coal ex P.S.T.O.I. Stocks for HIRED TRANSPORTS AT BOMBAY for the period from 1st April 1945 to 31st March 1946.

Tender Forms and "INSTRUCTIONS TO TENDERERS" can be obtained from THE DEPUTY PRINCIPAL, SEA TRANSPORT OFFICER (INDIA), SEA TRANSPORT HEADQUARTERS, BOMBAY BRANCH, MACKINNON MACKENZIE BUILDING, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

1792

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE
DIVISIONAL SEA TRANSPORT OFFICE, BOMBAY.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED from Licensed Stevedores for stevedoring and supply of labour in the port of Bombay for loading and discharging vessels under the control of the Principal Sea Transport Officer, India.

Tender forms and "Instructions to Tenderers" can be obtained from the Divisional Sea Transport Officer, 10 Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

DIVISIONAL SEA TRANSPORT OFFICER, BOMBAY.

19th January, 1945.

1837

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY.
Office of the Director of Munitions Production, Bombay.
TENDER NOTICE

THE DIRECTOR, Munitions Production, Phoenix Building, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, invites quotations against Tender No. MBE|13436|EPI to reach him on 24th January, 1945 on forms (not transferrable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 2|- per set (not refundable) to be paid in cash, by money order or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender No., full name and address of the remitter) for Holding down Bolts. Ragged 1|2" dia. x 5" long. Quantity 20,000 Nos.

Applicants not already on approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on application for Tender form.

(1836)

G.I.P. RAILWAY

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Special Works, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, invites tenders upto 12.00 hours on 5-2-1945 for constructing Wireless Transmitting station at Kurla. The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2|- per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3|- being made. These sums will not be refunded.

1838

AUTHORISED AGENTS
SMALL SAVINGS SCHEME

A MEETING of the Authorised Agents will be held at the Office of the National Savings Circle Officer, Eros Building, Churchgate, on FRIDAY, 26th January, at 6-15 P.M. (S.T.) for the formation of an Association of Authorised Agents working in Bombay Province.

All Authorised Agents are cordially invited to attend the meeting.

J. N. ENGINEER,
C. T. CHITALE,

(1844)

WANTED

Experienced STOREKEEPER for the Labour Supply Depot near Thana.

PAY:—60-5-75|- per month with free accommodation, food, clothing and Medical attention. Must be prepared to furnish cash security of Rs. 50|- or in lieu thereof a fidelity bond.

Apply in person with the testimonials in original to the:—

SUPERINTENDENT,
Labour Supply Depot,
Wagle-wadi Estate Mile 21-1,
Bombay Agra Road
(near Thana)

1814

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED from local Contractors for handling GOVERNMENT COAL for H. M. I. Vessels and Yard Craft in H. M. I. DOCKYARD, BOMBAY, during the period from 1st April 1945 to 31st March 1946.

Tender Forms can be obtained from THE PRINCIPAL SEA TRANSPORT OFFICER, (India), SEA TRANSPORT HEADQUARTERS, MACKINNON MACKENZIE BUILDING, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

(1811)

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED from local contractors for handling Coal ex P.S.T.O.I. Stocks for H.M. Ships & H.M.I. Ships at Bombay for the period from 1st April 1945 to 31st March 1946.

Tender Forms and "INSTRUCTIONS TO TENDERERS" can be obtained from the DEPUTY PRINCIPAL SEA TRANSPORT OFFICER (INDIA), SEA TRANSPORT HEADQUARTERS, BOMBAY BRANCH, MACKINNON MACKENZIE BUILDING, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

(1831)

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of typists and clerks in the Naval Store Department in the grade of Rs. 50-3-80-4-120 commencing at Rs. 59|- per month plus dearness allowance, Conveyance and House rent allowances where admissible.

QUALIFICATIONS: Matriculate and above.

Minimum typing speed: 40 words per minute.

Applications in writing should reach the following address by 26th January, 1945:—

Superintending Naval Store Officer, India,
Albert Building (2nd Floor)
Hornby Road, Bombay.

1826

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED immediately from well qualified and experienced men for post of Record Officer on Rs. 200-20-300 for Bombay Civil Labour Units (Home Service).

2. Those possessing previous (Military) Record and Accounts experience will be preferred and a higher stage above the minimum will be given to a suitable man. Applications stating age, caste, qualifications and experience with copies of testimonials should reach this office not later than Wednesday the 31st instant.

J. V. MUZUMDAR,
Secretary,
Provincial Labour Supply Committee, Bombay.

New Block, Opposite Secretariat, Bombay. 20th January, 1945.

(1834)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Graduates in Agriculture for employment in the Agricultural Department of Dhrangadhra State (Kathiawar) pay Rs. 100-200 according to qualifications and experience plus dearness allowance Rs. 18-25 according to State rules and Rs. 10|- as houserent, posts are pensionable. Apply to the Dewan Dhrangadhra State mentioning educational qualifications, experience, age, nationality, mother tongue, how and where employed at present together with a copy of a recent photograph and copies of testimonials.

1785

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION BOMBAY-SIND.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED by 15-3-45 for the post of ASSISTANT PROFESSOR OF BOTANY, AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, POONA. PAY Rs. 150-500 for a new entrant, and Rs. 250-750 for a person in Bombay Agricultural Service, Class II since 4-6-1931, plus war allowance. Higher starting pay may be granted to a well qualified candidate. AGE—ORDINARILY not more than 25 years on 1-5-45. QUALIFICATIONS.—Degree in Agriculture (preferably Honours) with special training in Agricultural Botany and|or Plant Pathology or Genetics-Cytology, etc., and allied subjects, of a recognised University, teaching experience in Botany or allied subjects and post-graduate training and research work in Botany and|or Plant Pathology or Genetics-Cytology, etc. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas stamps and UNCROSSED Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission," Bombay, who will supply full details on request.

(1830)

NOTICE

THE GOVERNMENT OF ZANZIBAR desire to recruit a Gujarati-speaking Woman Education Officer, to organize and conduct a short teacher-training course for girls desiring to become vernacular (Gujarati) teachers, to hold refresher courses for men and|or women who are already engaged in such work in the eight grant-aided local schools, and to supervise generally the work of these schools.

2. The appointment would be on agreement for a period of four years, on a salary of £350|- per annum (about Rs. 389|- per month), with free housing or house allowance in lieu, and free medical attendance. Free passages from and to India at the beginning and end of the tour respectively would be provided.

3. A person of some experience, particularly in teacher-training, and with sufficient personality and tact to deal with both sexes of all the Indian communities, is required. Applications from female candidates only will be entertained.

4. Applications, giving detailed particulars of qualifications and experience and accompanied by copies of certificates and testimonials if any, should be addressed to the Agents in India, East African Protectorates, Ballard Road, Bombay.

(1832)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai BANUBAI RUSTOM IRANI and Messrs. KAIKHUSHRU RUSTOM IRANI and KHODADAD RUSTOM IRANI have agreed to sell to my client the Sassanian Bakery and Restaurant at 1st Marine Lines as a going concern. Any person having any interest or claim by way of mortgage, pledge, hypothecation, sale, lien, charge or otherwise howsoever in or against the same is required to notify the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof, after which time the claim or interest if any shall be considered as waived and the transaction will be completed without reference to the same.

Dated this 22nd day of January, 1945.

B. J. PRESSWALLA,
Advocate for the Purchaser,
190, Lamington Road,
Bombay, 7.

(1835)

FOR PROPERTY OWNERS

For Expert advice on Municipal matters and for management of Properties: Rent Recoveries apply "Property Services Syndicate" Round Building, 2nd Floor, Kalbadevi. Telephone 26396.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RATILAL VARJIWANDAS and his wife Bai JAIKUWARSAI RATILAL have contracted to sell the below mentioned property to our client. All persons having any right, title, interest, property, claim or, demand into upon or in respect of the said property or any part thereof whether by way of inheritance, bequest, gift, sale, mortgage, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, residence, occupation or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes Bombay and to the undersigned at their Office in Lalgir Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof. Any claim not made known in writing as aforesaid will be considered as waived and abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that pieces or parcel of land or ground with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the East side of Bombay Agra Road in Moujes Ghatkoper Taluka South Salsette, District Bombay Suburban in the Registration Sub-district of Bandra and Registration District, Bombay Suburban, containing by admeasurement twelve thousand and seven hundred forty-two square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Survey No. 187 Pot No. (3) Part Falni Nos. 8 and 10 (area about 3420 sq. yds.) and Survey No. 189 Falni Nos. 33 and 34 (area about 9402 sq. yds.) less 80 sq. yds. and in the Books of the Ghatkoper Kirol Municipality under A Ward House No. 146 (Rs. 42-5-0). House No. 155 (Rs. 89-5-0), House No. 155A (Rs. 40-8-0) and House No. 155A (Rs. 237-13-0) and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by Survey No. 189 Falni Nos. 35 and 40, on or towards the West by the Bombay Agra Road, on or towards the North by Survey No. 187, Falni No. 8 (Part), Falni No. 9 and 37 and Survey No. 189, Falni No. 35 (Part) and on or towards the South by Survey No. 187 Pot No. 3 (Part) and Survey No. 189 Falni No. 32.

Dated this 19th day of January, 1945.

JAMSEDJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

1839

AUCTION SALES

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO COLLECTORS OF ART.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY OLD AND VALUABLE COLLECTION OF ORMOLU POSTS, TOYS, CRUETS, LARGE LOT OF VERY OLD LARGE FLAT DISHES, A BIG LOT OF JADE AND IVORY CARVED FIGURE, SNUFF BOTTLES, CANTON, CHINA WARE, HEAVY CUT-GLASSWARE, RICH CROCKERY, JARS, PLATES, VERY OLD WALL PLATES AND NUMEROUS OTHER ARTICLES OF ART.

Under instructions from M|s. Eastley Lam & Co., Attorneys for the Executrix, M|s. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 22nd January, 1945, at 11-30 A.M. (N.S.T.) at their Rooms at 120, Apollo Street, Fort, the abovementioned articles belonging to the Estate of the late Mr. G. M. Banaji, well-known Collector of Curios and Antiques.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTIES KNOWN AS MOTISHAH CHAWL AT SHAIKH MEMON STREET, NEAR EAST INDIA COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for Seth Narsidas Jayakissondas, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on the open Chowk, opp. Lot Nos. 2 and 3 premises the following properties:—

On Monday, the 29th inst. at 4 p.m. (N.S.T.)

Lot No. 1—Pension & Tax (redeemed) land with dwelling house at Shaikh Memon Street, admeasuring about 298 sq. yds. and bearing Municipal Street No. 36 to 40, 32|34, 28|30, 24|26.

Lot No. 2.—Pension and Tax (redeemed) land with dwelling house at Shaikh Memon Street, admeasuring about 506 sq. yds. bearing Municipal Street No. 6|8.

On Tuesday, the 30th inst. at 4 p.m. (N.S.T.)

Lot No. 3.—Pension and Tax (redeemed) land with dwelling house at Shaikh Memon Street, admeasuring about 174 sq. yds. bearing Municipal Street No. 18|26.

Lot No. 4.—Pension and Tax (redeemed) land with dwelling house at Shaikh Memon Street, admeasuring about 389 sq. yds. bearing Municipal Street No. 28|58.

Lot No. 5.—Pension and Tax (redeemed) land with dwelling house at Shaikh Memon Street, admeasuring about 145 sq. yds. bearing Municipal Street No. 60-62.

Lot No. 6.—Pension and Tax (redeemed) land with dwelling house at Shaikh Memon Street, admeasuring about 71 sq. yds. bearing Municipal Street No. 62A.

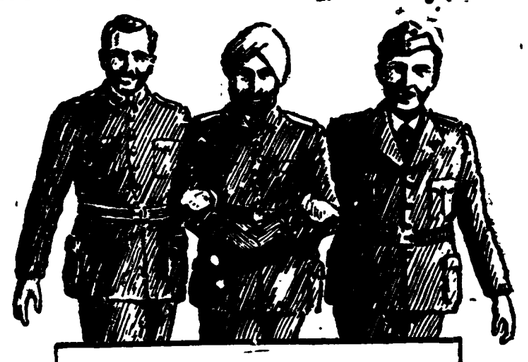
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the abovementioned Solicitors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

ELIMINATE
RUST SCALES CORROSION
in your boiler & turbines
SODIUM SULPHITE
in small doses
removes Oxygen from boiler water (condensed or make up)
Please send your inquiries to:
THE KESAR SUGAR WORKS, LTD.,
45/47, Apollo Street, Fort BOMBAY

STOP FALLING HAIR

ARNICOL
A HAIR FOOD!
ARNICA-OLIVE HAIR GROWER
STOP GREYING HAIR
ARNICOL grows luxurious hair.
ARNICOL keeps the brain cool.
2oz Rs. 1-4. 8oz. Rs. 4-8, V. P. P. extra.
Mangalore—Bombay Trading Agencies, Lamington Road, BOMBAY 7.

BACK THEM UP — as we do—to defend you

Where they need planes, tanks and guns they also need woollen clothing.
Our entire plant is working for the war effort. Soon we hope we shall be able to manufacture for you again.
Bhartidal FABRICS
THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS DHARIWAL

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay